IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

W.A. DREW EDMONDSON, in his capacity as ATTORNEY GENERAL) OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA and) OKLAHOMA SECRETARY OF THE 08:33 ENVIRONMENT, C. MILES TOLBERT) 08:33 in his capacity as the TRUSTEE FOR NATURAL RESOURCES) FOR THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA. Plaintiff, vs.)4:05-CV-003290-TCK-SAJ TYSON FOODS, INC., et al., 08:33 08:33 Defendants.

08:33

VIDEO DEPOSITION OF WILLIAM H. DESVOUSGES, Ph.D., produced as a witness on behalf of the Defendants in the above styled and numbered cause, taken on the 14th day of May, 2009, in the City of Tulsa, County of Tulsa, State of Oklahoma, before me, Karla E. 08:33 Barrow, a Certified Shorthand Reporter, duly certified under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Oklahoma.

08:33



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APPEARANCES	(Whereupon, the deposition began at 8:39
FOR THE PLAINTIFF: MS. INGRID MOLL Altorney at Law 20 Church Street 08:33 17th Floor 08:33 Hartford, CT 06:103 and MR. RICHARD GARREN Altomey at Law 502 West 6th Street Tulsa, OK 74:119 FOR CARGILL: MR. COLIN DEIHL MR. ERIC J. TRIPLETT 08:33 (Via Telephone) 08:33 Attorneys at Law 1700 Lincoln Street 3200 Wells Fargo Center Denver, CO 80:203 FOR GEORGES: MR. JAMES GRAVES (Via Telephone) Attorney at Law 221 North College 08:33 Foyetteville, AR 72:701 08:33 FOR PETERSON FARMS: MR. PHILIP HIXON Attorney at Law 320 South Boston Suite 700 Tulsa, OK 74:103 ALSO PRESENT: Dr. Michael Hanemann VIDEOGRAPHERS: Opveon 08:33	a.m.) VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now on the record for the deposition of Dr. William Desvousges. Today is May 14th, 2009. The time is 8:34 a.m. Counsel, 08:39 please identify yourselves for the record. MS. MOLL: Ingrid Moll on behalf of the State of Oklahoma. MR. DEIHL: Colin Deihl on behalf of Cargill. 08:39 MR. HIXON: Philip Hixon on behalf of Peterson Farms. VIDEOGRAPHER: You may swear in the witness. WILLIAM H. DESVOUSGES, Ph.D., 08:39 being first duly sworn to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, testified as follows: DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. MOLL: Q Good morning, Dr. Desvousges. A Good morning. Q My name is Ingrid Moll. I'm here on behalf of
2	the State of Oklahoma. Would you kindly state your name for the record? 08:39
INDEX WITNESS PAGE WILLIAM H. DESVOUSGES, Ph.D. Direct Examination by Ms. Moll 4 08:33 O8:33 Signature Page 218 Reporter's Certificate 219 08:33	A Sure. William Harold Desvousges. Q And would you give me your work and home addresses, please? A Okay. My work address is 700 Exposition Place, Suite 141, that's in Raleigh, North Carolina 08:40 27615. Do you want my home — physical home address or my mailing address because it's a little tricky right now in terms of where mail goes or where we're physically — Q Your physical home address, please. 08:40 A Okay. All right. 7824 Harps, H-A-R-P-S, Mill Road, and that's also in Raleigh, and this is 27615. Q Okay. And what e-mail addresses do you use? A William.Desvousges@whdesvousgesassociates.com, and that's my main e-mail address. 08:40 Q Okay. MR. DEIHL: For the record, I'm getting e-mails that people can't call in, so I'm going to try a different access code, if I can just take a moment. 08:41 MS. MOLL: Let's go off the record. VIDEOGRAPHER: We're off the record, 8:36 a.m. (Whereupon, a discussion was held off the record.)

VIDEOGRAPHER: We are back on the record,	the course of the of the last week, so I guess
8:38 a.m.	yes, but not specifically to prepare for today.
Q (By Ms. Moll) Dr. Desvousges, you mentioned	Q Okay. Which deposition transcripts have you
your work e-mail address.	read?
17	
] ' " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	A I have read Dr. Krosnick's, Tourangeau's, 08:45
Q What are your personal e-mail addresses?	Chapman's, Dr. Bishop's, and some of Dr. Morey's. I
A Wdesvousges@aol.com.	have not read Dr. Hanemann's.
Q Did you use that e-mail address for the	Q How many hours have you spent preparing for
purpose of any work that you've done on the State of	your deposition today?
Oklahoma versus Tyson matter? 08:43	A Twenty-five to 30 maybe, somewhere in that 08:45
A No.	ballpark.
Q Okay. How many times have you been deposed?	Q Okay. Dr. Desvousges, I'm handing you what's
A Gosh, it's on my resume, at least 10 times,	been marked as Exhibit No. 1. Do you recognize this
probably 15.	document?
Q Okay. 08:43	A Yes, I do. 08:46
A Maybe even 20, somewhere in that ballpark.	Q And what is it?
Q Okay. And how about trial testimony?	A It's a copy of my resume.
A I've testified in federal court once. I've	Q Okay. Is it a current version?
testified in some administrative hearings three	A I believe so, but let me check a couple of
times. 08:43	things because I can tell based on looking at a 08:47
Q And are those also identified on your resume?	couple of things. Reasonably current. There's an
A Yes, those are also on my resume.	article in here that's listed as forthcoming that's
Q Okay. What did you do to prepare for your	actually come out in Land Economics.
deposition today?	Q If you could point my
A Reread my expert report of Dr. Rausser and my 08:43	A Yes, sure. 08:47
6	8
expert for today's okay if I just call it my	O attention
expert report?	A I'm sorry.
Q Yes, that's fine.	Q — to what you're looking at.
A Just a simple thought. I mean, it's obviously	A Yes. It's under publications. Unfortunately
both of our expert's reports. I reread my expert 08:44	the pages aren't numbered. 08:47
report. Looked through some articles, supporting	Q Okay.
articles and documents and materials that were	A So what is it, about two-thirds of the way
produced as part of our considered by materials, and	through.
met with counsel.	Q I'm with you.
Q When did you meet with counsel? 08:44	A Okay. That publication at the top there, that 08:47
A I met with counsel in Denver last week right	has come out in Land Economics.
after – the day after Dr. Hanemann's deposition,	Q When was that published?
whatever day that was, and then we met last night	A Sometime – sometime this year, I believe,
for dinner.	early this year.
Q Okay. When you met with counsel in Denver, 08:44	Q Are there any other changes to your CV? 08:
who was there?	A No, I don't believe so.
A Mr. Deihl and Mr. Triplett.	Q Okay. Would you kindly look under the
Q Is that it?	sections relating to deposition and trial testimony
A Yes.	and just confirm that that's complete?
Q Did anyone participate by phone? 08:44	A Sure, be happy to. It may not be, actually, 08:48
A No. Dr. Rausser did a couple of times, we had	since I had a deposition very recently. Yeah,
a few questions, but no other attorneys.	the I had a deposition in South Carolina on April
Q Did you read any deposition transcripts in	30th.
	Q Okay.
preparation for today?	
preparation for today? A the read a lot of deposition transcripts over 09:45	=
preparation for today? A I've read a lot of deposition transcripts over 08:45	A Of this year. And that's not listed on my 08:49

1	resume.	did you do there?
2	Q Do you know the case name of that matter?	A Yeah. I did a lot of applied environmental
3	A It's Dataw Island Owners Dataw Island	and natural resource economics. I did various
4	Property Owners' Association, Dataw Island Owners'	studies on a lot of different topics, different
5	Association versus some specific plaintiffs, and 08:49	kinds of valuation studies. I also did some natural 08:53
6	it's in Charleston, or Buford, South Carolina,	resource damage assessment work while I was at
7	technically.	Research Triangle Institute. Those are probably the
8	Q And on whose behalf were you offering	two main areas. 1 did a little bit of work for EPA
9	deposition testimony?	on a few things on some — not related to valuation,
10	A On behalf of the plaintiffs. 08:50	but by and large, it was valuation and related 08:53
11	Q And you've been retained in that matter as an	issues.
12	expert?	Q Now, I understand that you have, in the course
13	A Yes, I have.	of your career, done some work for the Exxon
14	Q And what is the general subject matter of that	Corporation; is that right?
15	case? 08:50	A Yes, that's correct. 08:53
16	A It involves the estimation of property damages	Q Okay. And when did that work first begin?
17	from a tie-in arrangement that was put in place	When was your first retention?
18	where - that required homeowners to also be members	A It would have been 1989.
19	of the golf club at this particular Dataw Island,	Q So while you were at the Center for Economic
20	and this was implemented, I guess, back in 2005, and 08:50	- Economics Research? 08:53
21	some property owners filed suit against the -	A That's correct, while I was there.
22	against the owners' association that implemented the	Q All right. And what did that project entail?
23	change.	A That project entailed working on the Exxon
24	Q And have you submitted an expert report in	Valdez oil spill for Exxon.
25	that matter? 08:50	Q And have you worked on other matters on behalf 08:54
	10	12 .
,	A There are the description of t	
1	A I have submitted an expert report in that	of the Exxon Corporation?
2	matter.	A Yes, I have.
2 3	matter. Q And in that report, did you present some kind	A Yes, I have. Q How many projects, approximately?
2 3 4	matter. Q And in that report, did you present some kind of valuation model?	A Yes, I have. Q How many projects, approximately? A At least four others that I can recall.
2 3 4 5	matter. Q And in that report, did you present some kind of valuation model? A I did a statistical analysis, yes, that — 08:51	A Yes, I have. Q How many projects, approximately? A At least four others that I can recall. Q Can you identify them for me? 08:54
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1	small project here and there, but not very often.	Q Okay. Did you offer deposition testimony or
2	Q And can you identify those for me?	trial testimony in that matter?
3	A Yes. The one that I specifically remember is	A I gave deposition testimony. I believe that
4	one where I was asked to take some time and look at	should be on my list.
5	some of the literature related to contingent 08:56	Q Okay. And the matter in New Jersey from 2005, 09:00
6	valuation. This would have been in probably 2005.	did you submit an expert report there?
7	They asked me to simply go back and look at the	A Yes, I did.
В	literature since the work that had been done for	Q Has that matter resolved?
9	them in the early '90s and just provide a summary of	A I think so. There was a ruling by the trial
10	what articles had appeared in the literature 08:57	court judge where she threw out the formula that the 09:00
11	involved.	state was using to try to measure groundwater
12	Q Are there any other consulting projects that	damages, and I don't believe that the — 1 don't
13	you can think of?	recall whether the state has repealed that judgment
14	A Not that I specifically recall. That's the	or not. They may have. I'm not sure.
15	one that I do specifically recall. 08:57	Q And how about the two current matters, have 09:00
16	Q Okay. This literature that – literature	you submitted an expert report in either of those
17	review on CV that you did in around 2005, did that	matters?
18	result in a published article?	A One of those matters.
19	A No, it did not. They simply wanted me to put	
20		1 -
	together, you know, a couple of tables and a memo 08:57	A The Bayway, Bayonne matter. That's a 09:01
21	summarizing, you know, what's appeared in the	confidential sealed case. All the documents in
22	published literature, and that's — that was all	that in that matter have been sealed by the
23	I – that was all I was asked to do.	court.
24	Q Okay. The class action that you mentioned in	Q Okay. Going back to the South Carolina matter
25	South Carolina, what time period are we talking 08:58	for Exxon, did you do a valuation model in that 09:01
	14	16
		1
-		
1	about?	case?
2	A 2000 and - that's a little harder. 2002,	A No, I did not
2 3	A 2000 and – that's a little harder. 2002, maybe, 2003, somewhere in that time frame.	A No, I did not. Q And what about the 2005 groundwater matter in
2 3 4	A 2000 and — that's a little harder. 2002, maybe, 2003, somewhere in that time frame. Q And how about the groundwater matter in New	A No, I did not Q And what about the 2005 groundwater matter in New Jersey?
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1	Q Can you identify for me, over the course of	A I'm going on to the previous page.
2	your career, the contingent valuation studies that	Q Uh-huh.
3	you have participated in?	A And I'm looking at Information, Risk
4	A I can try.	Perception and Mitigation: Behavioral Responses to
5	Q Do your best. 09:02	Environmental Risk for the National Science 09:05
6	A Okay. I'm going to take a second and look –	Foundation. I think that's it.
7	Q That's fine.	Q So let's take the CV work that you did in the
8	A — look at my resume, if that's all right. I	National Science Foundation —
9	may be able to get it here from the list of	A Uh-huh.
10	projects, I think. Could you clarify what you 09:03	Q - matter. On whose behalf were you doing the 09:06
11	include by contingent valuation for me, please?	work?
12	Q I guess I'm separating contingent valuation	A The National Science Foundation. It was a
13	from conjoint.	grant that — it was given to John Payne and David
14	A Okay, you are.	Schkade, S-C-H-K-A-D-E, and myself at Duke
15	Q And I'll get to conjoint when we complete 09:03	University. David was on leave at Duke. John is an 09:06
16	A Thank you for clarifying that.	assistant dean of the business school at Duke
17	Q Sure.	University, and we received a grant that was kind of
1.8	A Okay. The project that I did for the	a combination EPA/NSF grant. EPA they were doing
19	Environmental Protection Agency, a comparison of	it jointly. And so that we developed some
20	benefit estimation approaches involved a contingent 09:03	alternative – we were doing some methodological 09:07
21	valuation study as one - one aspect of what we did.	testing with contingent valuation as part of that
22	Q And are you referring to a specific project on	grant.
23	your CV?	Q In what time frame did that work occur?
24	A Yeah, I am. It's on maybe the third or fourth	A It would have overlapped with the '96 to '99
25	page, fourth page in. I'm starting at the beginning 09:04	that's on my resume with the research professor at 09:07
	18	20
1	and working my way forward.	Duke University.
2	Q Okay.	Q What was your role in that study?
3	A The next project up involved a couple of	A I was one of three — one of the three
4	questions that were contingent valuation questions	principal investigators. My responsibility was
5	within it. That's the Evaluating Risk of a 09:04	really two parts. One was to participate with John 09:08
6	High-Level Nuclear Waste Repository for the State of	and David on developing the ideas of what we were
7	Nevada.	going to try to do and how we were going to try to
₿	Q Give me a moment when I find where you are.	do it, and then I also oversaw the implementation of
9	A Sure. Sorry. It's – I'm on the same page,	the actual survey work that we did. We we had a
110	I'm just moving up one. 09:04	subcontract to my company, and so they asked me to 09:08
111	Q Okay.	stay on top of all the activities that a couple of
12	A Sure.	staff members were doing there at Triangle Economics
13	Q Since they're not numbered, it's a little	Research. That work would have been done after I'd
14	difficult.	left RTI.
11.5	A Yeah, I'm sorry, I'm just moving up one 09:04	Q Okay. And did that study measure use values? 09:08
16	bullet. I haven't changed pages. So it's easier	A That study really was focused on doing
17	to look at the bullets than it is to look at the	methodological work related to how people form
118	full list of projects.	nonuse values.
119	Q Yes. I'm with you now.	Q And did that study result in any published
20	A Okay. 09:04	articles? 09:09
21	Q Go ahead.	A Yes, it did.
22	A Sorry. Evaluate – Valuing Reductions in	Q Okay. Can you identify those for me?
23	Hazardous Waste Risks for the Office of Policy	A There's an article on my resume, it's at the
24	Analysis.	top of it's at the top of the page, the second
25	Q Uh-huh. 09:05	page of publications, you see where it starts 09:09
		1
	19	21

i		
1	publications, it's the second page.	they're dealing with uncertainty, are trying to
2	Q The first article on that page?	measure something that involves expected utility,
3	A Yes, that's correct, and you can see that	because there's uncertainty in there that you don't
4	the do you want me to identify the article?	know exactly what's going to happen, so we think
5	Q Just so the record is clear, yes, please. 09:10	people are going to try to maximize their expected 09:13
6	A Sure. The article is Payne J.W., D.A.	utility in that instance. So we went through a
7	Schkade, W.H. Desvousges and C. Aultman,	series of focus groups, one-on-one interviews,
8	A-U-L-T-M-A-N, 2000, Valuation of Multiple	pretests, pilot tests, and ultimately the full scale
9	Environmental Programs, Journal of Risk and	survey.
10	Uncertainty, Volume 21, No. 1, Pages 95 to 115. 09:10	Q What time frame was this work done? 09:14
11	Q Okay. Going back to the CV studies that you	A Let me look and see.
12	identify earlier in your vita, the one that's	Q Okay.
13	identified as Valuing Reductions in Hazardous Waste	A It was – I believe in the mid '80s. I may be
14	Risks, can you tell me about that CV study?	able to get closer than that if the mid '80s isn't
15	A Yes. That one was done while I was still at 09:10	good enough. 09:14
16	Research Triangle Institute. I was working as a	Q Mid '80s is fine.
17	co-principal investigator with Kerry Smith and Rick	A Okay, mid '80s.
18	Freeman, my Rick Freeman, and we had a grant we	Q Did that work result in any published
19	had what at the time was called a cooperative	articles?
20	agreement with the Environmental Protection Agency 09:11	A Yes, it did. 09:14
21	that was given to Vanderbilt University where Kerry	Q Can you identify those for me?
22	was at the time, and then there was a subcontract	A Yes, I can. There are quite a few. The first
23	from Vanderbilt to me, and then I believe Rick also	one appears on – gosh, I wish – I should have
24	had some kind of consulting or subcontracting	numbered the pages here in my vita, two, three, I
25	arrangement to Vanderbilt as part of that work. And 09:11	think it's the fourth page, starting at 09:15
	- 22	24
1	RTI also I guess technically let me just think	publications.
2	for a second. We actually – RTI actually	Q Okay.
3	participated in that work, not as a subcontractor,	A Going back. Do you see an article in there,
4	because we were a not-for-profit institution. The	1986, on The Value of Avoiding a LULU, do you see
5	cooperative agreement actually was a joint 09:12	that? 09:16
6	cooperative agreement, so I don't want to misspeak.	Q I do.
7	Kerry and I and Rick developed a CV questionnaire	A I believe that that's the first one that came
8	that we administered in the greater Boston area to a	out as a result of the work that we did. Do you
9	sample of households.	want me to identify that for the record again?
10	Q And what were you seeking to measure there? 09:12	Q No, that's fine. 09:16
11	A We were trying to understand how people	A Okay.
12	respond to economic questions that involve	Q If you could identify the other articles
13	uncertainty. And as a result of that, we developed	pertaining to that.
14	a pretty elaborate experimental design where we	A Sure. We can just move up
15	randomly assigned people different levels of 09:13	Q Okay. 09:16
116	baseline risk, and then we also randomly assigned	A — the one article then to Smith and
117	different levels of - different starting points for	Desvousges, Asymmetries in the Valuation for Risk
18	those baseline risks, and we had several other	Reduction. Then we can skip a couple and then go up
119	aspects to the design, but that was the basic	to An Empirical Analysis of the Economic Value of
220	design. We were interested in trying to see whether 09:13	Risk Changes in '87. 09:16
21	people could answer questions in the way that	Q Uh-huh.
22	economists assume that they're going to answer	A There's oh, there's a conceptual article
23	questions involving uncertainty. Whether or not we	that appeared in 1988 there with Smith and
24	would get responses that corresponded to what's	Desvousges at the top of that page.
25	called expected utility. Economists, usually, when 09:13	Q Okay. 09:17
	23	25
	£ J	[23

versions of a contingent valuation question. I'm trying to remember. I think we even had a contingent ranking question in that survey, as well, where people ranked different combinations of water quality and option prices, and we had — collected data on people's recreation behavior in, around, near the Monongahela River, as well as other substitute rivers. So it was essentially focused on gathering the information so that we could implement these various approaches, and then compare the o9:24 relative performance of those approaches.

Q Okay. So were you measuring use values in that study?

A We were measuring use values, as well – use values were a large component of what we were 09:24 measuring. Specifically, what we asked people to do was to give us a measure of option price, and this really involved their actual use, as well as their potential future use. So it was current use, as well as potential future use, so it was use values 09:25 plus, I guess would be one way to describe what we were measuring there.

Q Okay. Were you attempting to measure anything else than what you just described?

A We had one more question in the survey that 09:25

with their use value. We were having a hard time trying to disentangle it from their use and possible future use, and this was attempted to be a question that was only existence value, and the wording was such that some people gave the same answer, even 09:27 though they were a current user. So there were just some - as we went -- and then when we debriefed our interviewers, it was real clear that people were having a hard time answering that question. So the researchers, myself, Kerry Smith and Anne Fisher. 09:27 even though she was the project manager, she was also a researcher, decided that we would not try to report those numbers, and so we focused on the other estimates from the study.

Q Okay. Did you do focus groups in that study? 09:27

A We did not. At that particular point in time, no one had done focus groups.

Q Did you do one-on-one interviews prior to the main survey?

A Yeah, I'll have to think about that a second. 09:28
We did an early version of one-on-one interviews
relative to the later version that evolved.

Q And when you say early version, you mean of the survey questionnaire?

me try to be clear. We did some one-on-one

A No, no, I'm sorry, that was a bad answer. Let 09:28

attempted to try to measure existence values that we never used because it basically didn't work. There were some problems in the wording of the question, and some of our — some of our respondents interpreted it one way and others interpreted it a 09:26 different way, and so we ended up never using that particular question.

Q And just so I understand, when you say you didn't end up using that question, do you mean in the final survey?

A We used it in the final survey, we just never reported it anywhere other than in the final report, and in the final report we acknowledged that there was this problem with the question and that you couldn't really reliably interpret the responses to 09:26 that question from that survey.

Q Okay. And what did you conclude to be the problem with the question?

A The wording.

Q What specifically -

09:26

A Oh, gosh.

25

Q - about the wording, if you recall?

A I don't recall. There was some issues – what
I do recall is that there were some issues for some
people as to whether – some people got it mixed up
09:26

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interviews, but they were not — and they were with a draft survey questionnaire, but they were more informal in the sense that we did them with subjects who were not in the area. So essentially, we were 09:28 doing the one-on-one interviews in the Research Triangle area, and so we did — we had a couple of people actually who were from the Pittsburgh area so we did it with them, and then we did it with just a couple of other employees. This was a very modest 09:29 level of one-on-one interviews compared to the scope of what we did in the Boston hazardous waste study where we did extensive one-on-one interviews.

Q So these subjects who participated in the one-on-one's, were they employees or students or who 09:29 were these --

A They were actually employees of RTI of one type or another.

Q And then the questionnaire that was used in the final survey, was that pretested? 09:29

A Yes, it was.

Q And tell me about that process.

A It was pretested in – in the actual – in the Pittsburgh area, the greater Pittsburgh area, it was really the five county area around Pittsburgh. 09:30

1	A You can tell me whether you want those or	Q Uh-huh.
2	not -	A We did a form of conjoint in that. The
3	Q Sure.	Estimating the Market for Green Products for Ningara
4	A as part of this. For example, the some	Mohawk, that used a form of conjoint. The Wisconsin
5	people would classify the contingent ranking 09:37	Energy Research Project used a form of conjoint. 09:40
6	question that we used in the Monongahela study and	Obviously, the one up above it also does since the
7	in the Boston hazardous waste study as a form of	title of the project is Using Conjoint Analysis to
8	conjoint. So as part of both of those	Value Health. The Natural Resource Damage
9	questionnaires, there was one question in there that	Assessment for Lavaca Bay used a form of conjoint.
10	included a different way of asking the question 09:37	MS. MOLL: 1 think it's time for a tape 09:40
11	where people ranked these combinations of	change. I'm getting the signal.
12	alternatives. Some people might refer to that as	A And I think that's the end of the list.
13	conjoint, as well. So technically, if you use a	Q Okay.
14	very broad definition of conjoint, two of the	VIDEOGRAPHER: We are off the record. The
15	projects that we've talked about also had conjoint 09:37	1
16	questions or a form of conjoint question within	1
16 17	them.	(Following a short recess at 9:41 a.m., proceedings continued on the record at 9:46 a.m.)
18		1
19	Q So for purposes of my question —	VIDEOGRAPHER: We are back on the record.
20	A All right. Q — let's use that definition. 09:38	The time is 9:42 a.m. O (Ry Ma Mall) Dr. Desyoneres before we took (19:46)
20 21	A All right. That's fine. And there's -	Q (By Ms. Moll) Dr. Desvousges, before we took 09:46 a break, you were identifying for me from your CV
22	there's – there's also – let me try to clarify a	i e
22 23		the conjoint studies that you have been involved in;
23 24	little bit more, too. I'm sorry to be pedantic, but there's a lot of confusion in the literature.	is that right?
24 25		A Yes, that's correct. O Okay Do you believe that you've identified 09:46
دع	There's also there's a different form of 09:38	Q Okay. Do you believe that you've identified 09:46
		1 U
1	questions that are kind of stated preference	all of those on your CV?
2	questions, they're kind of intended behavior, so	A I believe that's right.
3	they're neither — they're neither conjoint nor	Q Okay. If you would turn to the page in your
4	contingent valuation, they're kind of contingent	CV that lists your areas of specialization.
5	behavior questions, so they kind of fall in between 09:38	A I have it. 09:47
6	those two. So I'm not going to include those, all	Q Okay. Would you read for me the first item
7	right?	under property valuation?
8	Q Uh-huh.	A Yes. Prepared expert report that critiqued
9	A And then there are some that people, I think	reports provided by the plaintiff's economic experts
10	today, would probably call just stated preference, 09:38	in a lawsuit alleging groundwater contamination at a 09:47
11	but that's really, in my mind, that's part of the	Superfund site in the western United States.
12	broader form of conjoint where people are given	Created a sophisticated hedonic property value model
13	combinations of different attributes and	demonstrating that Superfund site had no effect on
14	characteristics, and their - people then trade off	residential property values.
15	these different attributes for a particular good. 09:39	Q What case are you referring to there? 09:48
16	So in my mind, that's a form of conjoint, as well,	A That case is the - I usually refer to it as
17		· -
	but some people like to call that stated preference.	the South Valley case. That is GE, et al versus the
18	but some people like to call that stated preference. Q Let's use your definition.	the South Valley case. That is GE, et al versus the State of New Mexico.
18 19	but some people like to call that stated preference. Q Let's use your definition. A Okay. Is that all right?	the South Valley case. That is GE, et al versus the State of New Mexico. Q When did you submit that report?
18 19 20	but some people like to call that stated preference. Q Let's use your definition. A Okay. Is that all right? Q That's fine. 09:39	the South Valley case. That is GE, et al versus the State of New Mexico. Q When did you submit that report? A 2002. 09:48
18 19 20 21	but some people like to call that stated preference. Q Let's use your definition. A Okay. Is that all right? Q That's fine. 09:39 A Okay. With that in mind, now I've got to try	the South Valley case. That is GE, et al versus the State of New Mexico. Q When did you submit that report? A 2002. 09:48 Q And who was your client?
18 19 20 21 22	but some people like to call that stated preference. Q Let's use your definition. A Okay. Is that all right? Q That's fine. 09:39 A Okay. With that in mind, now I've got to try to keep it straight. The Fox River Natural Resource	the South Valley case. That is GE, et al versus the State of New Mexico. Q When did you submit that report? A 2002. 09:48 Q And who was your client? A General Electric.
18 19 20 21 22 23	but some people like to call that stated preference. Q Let's use your definition. A Okay. Is that all right? Q That's fine. 09:39 A Okay. With that in mind, now I've got to try to keep it straight. The Fox River Natural Resource Damage Assessment Project that's listed there, kind	the South Valley case. That is GE, et al versus the State of New Mexico. Q When did you submit that report? A 2002. 09:48 Q And who was your client? A General Electric. Q And in the second sentence of your statement
18 19 20 21 22 23	but some people like to call that stated preference. Q Let's use your definition. A Okay. Is that all right? Q That's fine. 09:39 A Okay. With that in mind, now I've got to try to keep it straight. The Fox River Natural Resource Damage Assessment Project that's listed there, kind of maybe a quarter of the way up the page from the	the South Valley case. That is GE, et al versus the State of New Mexico. Q When did you submit that report? A 2002. 09:48 Q And who was your client? A General Electric. Q And in the second sentence of your statement there you say, created a sophisticated hedonic
18 19 20 21 22 23	but some people like to call that stated preference. Q Let's use your definition. A Okay. Is that all right? Q That's fine. 09:39 A Okay. With that in mind, now I've got to try to keep it straight. The Fox River Natural Resource Damage Assessment Project that's listed there, kind	the South Valley case. That is GE, et al versus the State of New Mexico. Q When did you submit that report? A 2002. 09:48 Q And who was your client? A General Electric. Q And in the second sentence of your statement
18 19 20 21 22 23	but some people like to call that stated preference. Q Let's use your definition. A Okay. Is that all right? Q That's fine. 09:39 A Okay. With that in mind, now I've got to try to keep it straight. The Fox River Natural Resource Damage Assessment Project that's listed there, kind of maybe a quarter of the way up the page from the	the South Valley case. That is GE, et al versus the State of New Mexico. Q When did you submit that report? A 2002. 09:48 Q And who was your client? A General Electric. Q And in the second sentence of your statement there you say, created a sophisticated hedonic

09:53

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09:54

09:55

1 Yes, I do. A airport, they call it the Sunport in Albuquerque, 2 In your view, what made your hedonic model The particular neighborhood, part of the 3 sophisticated? neighborhood is right in the flight path, and so we 4 There were two parts to the hedonic analysis were able to get some data on the - the related 5 that we did. The primary part was being able to 09:49 distance to the decibels with planes landing and 6 obtain sufficient market transactions data so taking off at the Sunport. We also had - we had a 7 that -- that we were able to have market few other characteristics of the property that I Θ transactions data prior to the Superfund site being don't recall today, but there were maybe a handful, 9 designated, as well as then after the Superfund site Okay. Do you recall any environmental quality 10 was designated. We also were able to time specific 09:49 variables in that model? 11 things that related to some public announcements, A The – there was – there were not any 12 and so as - so to me, one of the things that was specifically, other than the nature of the design. 13 sophisticated about it was the design of being able which the issue in the case was really proximity to 14 to have a pre and post, both in South Valley, as the Superfund site and whether or not it had 15 well as in a controlled neighborhood in the 09:50 impacted property values relative to the comparison 16 Albuquerque area. The second part to it was the or control or reference area, whatever we want to 17 form of the estimation and being able to work with use. The air quality and other things were similar 18 Dan McFadden on the estimation of that model. between the two areas, so we didn't include specific 19 Q And what was the market that you used in that air quality measures, say, for example, because of 20 model? 09:50 that. 09:54 21 A The market was residential property values. Okay. What analysis was done to conclude that 22 We had - there is - there's actually a designation the air quality was similar? or neighborhood type area called South Valley. 23 We looked at - we just - we looked at the 24 That's why I call it the South Valley project. nature of the data that we had and where those were 25 The - then there was another neighborhood that I 09:50 located from each other, and there really wasn't a 42 44 1 don't remember the name of now that we used as an basis for trying to differentiate between them based 2 comparable neighborhood, so these were all part of on our evaluation. 3 the greater Albuquerque area, and we had two, both Q Did you employ the benchmark method in that 4 the affected area and the controlled area. hedonic model? 5 And those two areas were within the same It's hard to benchmark. I usually use the 09:51 6 metropolitan area? term reference area or comparison area. Benchmark 7 Yes, they were both within the same would be another -- another name to use for that, в metropolitan area, they were. In a sense, what we were trying to do is to take a 9 Do you have a copy of that hedonic model? reference or benchmark area that was similar to the 10 I have a copy of the expert report somewhere Α 09:51 South Valley area but for its proximity to the 11 from that -- from that project. Superfund site, and we compared whether or not there 12 Were there any articles that resulted from was any statistically different change in the 13 your work in that case? transaction prices, sales prices during this time 14 No, there have not been. There was a draft period before and after the announcement of the 15 working paper that was prepared that never got-09:51 Superfund site. 09:55 16 finished, but no formal article, per se. Q Okay. If you'll turn back to the page we were 17 What variables were included in your model? on in your vita. The third item under property 18 I'm trying to remember that model valuation, would you read that for me, please? 19 specifically. It's been a while. I remember we had Critiqued the contingent valuation survey of a 20 some key housing characteristics, like square 09:52 plaintiff's expert in a series of lawsuits alleging 21 footage and age. We had some locational variables property damages caused by a wood treating facility 22 in the model that dealt with, say, the proximity to in Mississippi. Demonstrated that the survey is 23 a municipal treatment plant. There was one other unreliable for use in litigation. 24 locational variable - oh, I know, it's coming back Q Now, in those cases that you mentioned in that 25 now, distance to the Albuquerque Sunport, the 09:52 item, did a court ever determine that the survey was 09:56 43 45

1		
1	unreliable for use in litigation?	change for the Tulsa area between 2000 and 2006 to
2	A They were all settled.	see what that was.
3	Q Okay. Under your heading natural resource	Q And what did you find?
4	damage assessment, if you'll look at the fifth item	A I found that it decreased by 2.6 percent
5	there, it says, designed state-of-the-art study to 09:56	over – over that period. 10:00
6	measure potential losses for recreation and	Q And what analysis did you do to arrive at that
7	groundwater services. Studies included data	finding?
8	collection protocols and implementation. Do you see	A I had one of my staff members go to the quick
9	that there?	facts from the census and just calculate the
10	A Yes, I do. 09:57	difference between between those years. 10:01
11	Q What studies do you refer to there?	Q And from that analyses, what did you infer
12	A The – there's – the primary study that fits	from the decline?
13	that bullet would be — there's probably two that	A Yes. Well, one of the – one of the points
14	fit that bullet. The primary one would be the State	that Dr. Hanemann made in his deposition was was
15	of Montana versus ARCO. We also dealt with – in 09:57	that looking at the visitation increases for Lake 10:01
16	the Lavaca Bay damage assessment, there was an	Tenkiller, as we did in the report, that we — you
17	assessment of groundwater service impacts in that	know, that some of those visitation increases for
18	case also, as well as recreation. There really —	Tenkiller could be explained by increases in
19	the only distinction with Lavaca Bay was was that	population. So since Tulsa is a primary source of
20	the work never proceeded to the point of collecting 09:58	where people come from, it's the major metropolitan 10:01
21	data because as part of the cooperative assessment,	area, I thought just a quick look to see whether Dr.
22	we agreed that the only impacts on groundwater were	Hanemann's hypothesis was going to be true or not.
23	in a very limited area underneath the plant, and so	Since population declined during that period, I
24	there really — as a result of that, there wasn't a	don't think we can explain that increase as a
25	need to go further than that, whereas in the Montana 09:58	function of increased population. 10:02
		renotion of increased population.
	46	Δ Q
	46	48
1	and the case, there was actually data collection based on a	48 Q Okay. Let me hand you what was marked
1 2		
	case, there was actually data collection based on a	Q Okay. Let me hand you what was marked
2	case, there was actually data collection based on a survey that was done.	Q Okay. Let me hand you what was marked yesterday as Exhibit 3 from Dr. Rausser's
2 3	case, there was actually data collection based on a survey that was done. Q Okay. Let me shift gears for a moment. Dr. Desvousges, what do you plan to testify about in this case? 09:58	Q Okay. Let me hand you what was marked yesterday as Exhibit 3 from Dr. Rausser's deposition, and that is a table of contents that he
2 3 4	case, there was actually data collection based on a survey that was done. Q Okay. Let me shift gears for a moment. Dr. Desvousges, what do you plan to testify about in this case? O9:58 A I plan to testify about the opinions that are	Q Okay. Let me hand you what was marked yesterday as Exhibit 3 from Dr. Rausser's deposition, and that is a table of contents that he prepared in connection with your report.
2 3 4 5	case, there was actually data collection based on a survey that was done. Q Okay. Let me shift gears for a moment. Dr. Desvousges, what do you plan to testify about in this case? O9:58 A I plan to testify about the opinions that are expressed in the expert report that Dr. Rausser and	Q Okay. Let me hand you what was marked yesterday as Exhibit 3 from Dr. Rausser's deposition, and that is a table of contents that he prepared in connection with your report. A Yes, I see that. 10:02
2 3 4 5 6	case, there was actually data collection based on a survey that was done. Q Okay. Let me shift gears for a moment. Dr. Desvousges, what do you plan to testify about in this case? O9:58 A I plan to testify about the opinions that are expressed in the expert report that Dr. Rausser and I co-authored.	Q Okay. Let me hand you what was marked yesterday as Exhibit 3 from Dr. Rausser's deposition, and that is a table of contents that he prepared in connection with your report. A Yes, I see that. 10:02 Q Walk me through your role with respect to each section of the report and the appendices, please. A Do you want to do it on a section by section
2 3 4 5 6 7	case, there was actually data collection based on a survey that was done. Q Okay. Let me shift gears for a moment. Dr. Desvousges, what do you plan to testify about in this case? O9:58 A I plan to testify about the opinions that are expressed in the expert report that Dr. Rausser and I co-authored. Q Okay. Let me hand you what was marked	Q Okay. Let me hand you what was marked yesterday as Exhibit 3 from Dr. Rausser's deposition, and that is a table of contents that he prepared in connection with your report. A Yes, I see that. 10:02 Q Walk me through your role with respect to each section of the report and the appendices, please.
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Yeah. I looked at the rate of population

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we probably revisited that several times over the

within there.

say, a jointly written process. Section 2 is the recreation use analysis. That is an area that I took the primary lead for. It involves the use of the intercept data that -10:04 survey that Stratus conducted, as well as the telephone survey, as well as other data that we pulled together or assembled on visitation to the Illinois River and Tenkiller Lake. So it - in doing that work, you know, my role was to - to 10:04 review the information that was available, to then instruct my staff on how I wanted them to pull together that information and organize it in terms of how we were going to use it in the report, and then to supervise what they did, and then help them 10:05

course of getting that finished. So it was, I'd

Dr. Rausser then reviewed what we had in there and had the — and may have — and additionally may have even rewritten some of what's 10:05 there. I didn't try to track changes as to who was doing what, I just basically go through the report and look at what's there and see what -- the third section is the real estate property values. This is on or surrounding Tenkiller Lake. With that work, 10:05

to write the different components that are contained

And then I - I reviewed the write-up of that section after Dr. Rausser put together the first draft of that section, and I'm sure - I also probably -- not probably, I also provided some of the publications that are cited in that section 10:08 because it was something that I had looked at earlier on in the process, so I had them readily available and was available to give them to Dr. Rausser and his staff, I think that's -- is that the kind of detail that you're looking for? 10:08

Q That's fine.

Okay. Α

Q Let's go back to Chapter 2 for a moment.

You talked about your staff pulled some data 10:08 and you supervised them in that process. Could you identify specifically which staff members worked on Chapter 2?

A Sure. The -- there were -- all three of my staff worked on Chapter 2. The lead, I would say, 10:09 on Chapter 2 was Holly Michael, M-I-C-H-A-E-L, but Kristi Mathews with one T, and Anne Chance, Anne with an E, also contributed to the work that we did in that section, as well, but Holly was the -- she was the person who had primary responsibility for 10:09

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my involvement was, I guess, three parts, really. The first part was talking through the design of what we were going to try to do with Dr. Rausser and different ways that we might do it, and what - and 10:06 the objectives of what we were trying to achieve there, and then he then kind of took the lead based on those conversations and carried out - carried out the analysis specifically.

I was also involved in the selection of Eufaula Lake, and we worked through that selection 10:06 together. I brought to that discussion some of the information that I had gained from the work that some of the documents that were underlying the recreation information that was in the previous section where Eufaula was one of the lakes that we 10:07 included in our analysis. I then reviewed the some of the statistical analysis, draft statistical analysis as we were going through it that at one point I - there was a new version of the report that was posted on the - inter - on the extranet 10:07 site that had some preliminary analysis tables in them. We went through those, and I provided some feedback on some suggestions, basically for how we

the work that was going on there, but then she we - she worked with other -- my other staff members in getting that work done, as well.

Okay. Are all three of the individuals employees of your firm, W.H. Desvousges & 10:09 Associates?

Two of the three are. Kristi Mathews is a she is a consultant that works with me. We've worked together at Research Triangle Institute and Triangle Economics Research, so we go back probably 10:10 15 years. She now is just operating as an independent consultant, so she technically was an independent consultant, but she was - she didn't act any differently than my staff members did. 10:10

What is Ms. Michael's background?

Uh-huh. Undergraduate degree in biology, maybe, or biological education. She was a science teacher for a few years before she went back to graduate school to get a master's in economics, and so she has a master's in economics from the 10:10 University of Maine at Orono, O-R-O-N-O, and she studied under Kevin Boyle at the University of Maine, wrote her master's thesis for Dr. Boyle during the time that she was there. Anne Chance is - has a master's in business administration, 10:11

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10:07

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might change a few of the variables in the model and

a few minor things like that.

1	undergraduate degree in business, undergraduate	Q — is that correct?
2	degree from NC State in Raleigh, a master's degree	A Yes, we did.
3	from Meredith College in Raleigh. Kristi Mathews is	Q Let's go back to Chapter 4.
4	a – has an undergraduate degree from Alma College	A Sure, yeah, I think yes, it did.
5	in Michigan, and then has a master's from, I believe 10:11	Q Okay. Go ahead. 10:14
6	it's George Mason in the DC — one of the schools in	A And you want me to give you that kind of
7	the DC area, and I believe it's George Mason. I	comprehensive response?
8	haven't looked at that in a while.	Q Yes, please.
9	Q And how long has Ms. Michael been employed by	A Okay. I wasn't sure if I was being responsive
10	your firm? 10:12	
11	MR. DEIHL: Object to the form of the	to your question or not. Okay. Chapter 3 – excuse 10:14
12	-	me, Chapter 4 I think is what we're on now; is that
	question.	right?
13	A There's – my firm has been in existence for	Q Yes.
14	roughly three and a half years, and Holly has worked	A Yeah, okay. Chapter 4 is a – is a fairly
15	with me for those three and a haif years. She also 10:12	comprehensive chapter. There's a lot of material 10:15
16	worked with me for probably three or four years when	that's covered in Chapter 4. The first section of
17	I was at Triangle Economic Research. So there's two	that on the bias misleading, factually incorrect
18	different tenures that — that Ms. Michael has	information, I took the lead on that. I wrote the
19	worked with me.	first draft of that and continued to rewrite and
20	Q Forgive me, how long have you known Ms. 10:12	massage that version over time with obviously 10:15
21	Mathews?	with Gordon's input and suggestions. The 4.2, as
22	A Ms. Mathews?	it's here on the survey respondents, that was, once
23	Q Yes.	again, something that - that I put together the
24	A Twelve, 13 years, something like that, maybe	pieces that - what we were going to do as part of
25	longer. We've worked together a long time. 10:13	that, based on my review of the Stratus study. 1 10:16
	54	56
1	Q Did you work with her while you were at	think part of that I wrote the first draft, and I
2	Triangle Economics Research?	think part of that Kristi Mathews may have written.
3	A Yes, I did, as well as at Research Triangle	We probably divided that one up. The hypothetical
4	Institute, both places.	bias section is - I think fits in that same mode in
5	Q Okay. And how long has Ms. Chance been 10:13	terms of I put together the main points that we were 10:16
6	employed by your firm?	going to cover in there, and Kristi and I probably
7	A Since my firm has been at inception.	divided up some of the first draft responsibility on
В	Q And did you know Ms. Chance prior to that?	4.3, and then Gordon weighed in at several different
9	A She's my daughter, so yes.	points on that. Say, for example, on 432, I did the
10	Q Oh, so I guess you did. 10:13	first draft of that. I think Kristi - I think 10:17
11	A Yes, I did.	Kristi did the first draft on the certainty, and I
12	Q Did any of those three individuals participate	think we divided up the hypothetical bias part. The
13	in other chapters other than Chapter 2?	validation, I wrote that. The scope test is the
14	A Yes,	first draft, and then I want to be clear, too, that
15	Q In what way? 10:13	just because I may have put the first draft on 10:17
16	A They contributed to Chapter 4, and to some of	paper, there was a lot of back and forth with Dr.
17	the - some of the material in Chapter 5, some of	Rausser as we were going through this process. So
18	what ultimately became parts of Chapter 5, I guess,	basically, the first draft was essentially trying to
19	is probably the better way to put it. And they also	get on paper the things that we'd talked about, and
20	worked with me on Chapter 6 and Chapter 7, 10:14	I can I also try to elaborate a little bit about 10:17
21	Q Okay. And when you were - when we were	how we started out the process so that it's clear?
22	talking earlier about your role in the report, I	Q Sure.
23	think your comprehensive answer stopped at	A Is that okay? Basically, each one of us had
24	Chapter 3 —	read the Stratus study, and we did it independently
25	A Oh, 1 sec. 10:14	because we didn't want to – we didn't want we 10:18
22		
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wanted each one of us to have our own kind of fresh eyes when we went through the study. And after we had done that, I developed some kind of mental notes as I was going through that process, and then we had - Dr. Rausser and I had a conference call where 10:18 we went through and exchanged kind of mental notes as impressions, reactions and, you know, and then we talked about kind of comparative advantage that each one of us has in terms of the fact that at the time that we started this, we thought we only had three 10:18 more weeks to write the report, then we got an extra month, but when we first got together, we were basically looking at trying to finish it up and write it in three more weeks, and so we really had to try to think about comparative advantage in 10:19 terms of trying to get words on paper and to get work done. And so once we put together the overall design, we then talked through who had relative expertise in one aspect or another. Dr. Rausser is a much better econometrician than I am, and so it 10:19 made a lot more sense for him to take the lead on the specific econometrics. Once we had talked about the intuition related to some of those econometric issues, that we did that jointly, and the same with the survey issues, that it made more sense for me to 10:19 58

we provided that data to Dr. Rausser on our extra — excuse me, our extranet site. But, you know, we had essentially, together, had talked through that, and then we provided the data, but then Dr. Rausser did the econometrics and then wrote the draft that came 10:21 out with that, the first draft of that. That would be the way I would describe that.

The discussion of the various subgroups there of respondents, Dr. Rausser took the lead on that and I probably kibitzed and probably did 10:22 some - I know I did some rewriting there. The implied bid income elasticities, that was - that was really a joint effort in the sense that both of us independently were struck by the slope of the bid function, to start with, and just kind of the slope and the shape of the bid function, and it - you know, just intuitively it struck me that it would be worth trying to do some calculations of what the implied elasticities were with response to the bids, and then Dr. Rausser was the one that said, sure, we 10:22 can do that, and he did it. Same with the income elasticities. We – he and I - I think he was probably the one in our first discussions that thought, you know, we really need to look at income elasticity here, too, and I said, yeah, I think 10:23

take the lead on writing those, but, you know, once Dr. Rausser had given me his input on what he thought was important, and I think that was really the process that we used that kind of led up to how the report came together, so — 10:20

Q Am I correct on, Chapter 4, you took the lead?

A With one exception, specifically, and that's the scope test discussion. That was a — that was really a joint effort, more of a joint effort. I think Dr. Rausser may have been the one that took the primary role for that, but I — I may be wrong.

There were a couple of — we were working pretty fast and furious there for a while and I think he did the first draft on that, but I may have done the first and he did a major rewrite.

Q Are you referring to Section 4 -

A Section 4.41, specifically.

Q Okay. And then what about Chapter 5, who took the lead on Chapter 5?

A Dr. Rausser took the lead on Chapter 5, but, you know, once again, this was – this was a joint effort in several ways. You know, following the overall methodology that I described to you earlier, one of the things that we – you know, my staff and I did the recoding of the base survey data, and then 10:21

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that's a great idea, and we talked through the thoughts about it, and then he took the lead on actually doing the calculations. The willingness to pay of the recoded data there, that Section 5.5, you know, I think I kind of described what we did with 10:23 that.

Q With regard to the recoding of data, you mentioned your staff participated in that?

A Uh-huh

Q Did all three individuals participate or who 10:23 specifically was involved?

A Yeah, there were two people that were involved in doing that, Kristi Mathews and Anne Chance, and then we turned it over to Gordon's staff.

Q Okay. What background does Ms. Mathews have 10:23 in recoding of data?

A She has been working on various kinds of survey and nonsurvey data collection and analysis her entire career, and she has a tremendous amount of experience in doing that that precedes even 10:24 working with me. She was employed at the Howrey & Simon Law Firm for four or five years before she came to work at Research Triangle Institute, and she did a lot of work on litigation support on antitrust matters where she did a lot of data manipulations 10:24

1 and the like. She's worked with me on, I don't 2 know, 10, 12, 15 different projects, all of which 3 have involved some form of data manipulation of one 4 Q What is Ms. Chance's background in recoding of 10:25 5 6 data? She has less experience than Kristi did. She 7 was basically the one who did what Kristi told her 8 9 to do, and then Kristi reviewed - she wrote -- she put together the Sas - excuse me, the Stata code 10:25 10 that we used. S-T-A-T-A. I think it's all caps, if 11 I'm not mistaken. She wrote the codes, Kristi 12 reviewed her code, and she -- Kristi then reviewed 13 14 what she did, so she was really the person who was responsible for the actual implementation under 10:25 15 Kristi's supervision, and, you know, Kristi and I 16 17 and Gordon really went through and talked through how are we going to do this, and so then we were 18 19 just responsible for the mechanics of doing it, and then he was responsible, he and his staff were 10:25 20 21 responsible for the actual statistical 22 implementation of the analysis, if that clarifies 23 it. 24 Q Did you personally review the Stata code that 25 Ms. Chance wrote? 10.26 62 1 No, it's a good faith -- I do not. I talked 2 Ξ and I rely on - her Stata skills are much better 4 than mine. 5 Q Let me turn your attention to Appendix A. 6 7 8 9 was as a contributor to the up-front kind of what 10 are we going to try to do here. Kristi wrote the 11 first -- Kristi Mathews, to be specific, wrote the 12 first draft of that appendix, I then rewrote that, 13 and then Gordon, obviously, had input into it at 14 different points in time, but she had the first 15

to that question is is that I'm not sure. And in the sense that I know that several of Dr. Rausser's staff and my staff had conversations back and forth, particularly related to the recoded data and so forth, and when they were - but so from that 10:28 standpoint, they probably talked about some of the materials that are contained in there, but in terms of the physical production of those appendices, we didn't have any specific responsibility for the physical production of those. Now, Dr. Rausser's 10:28 staff did. I probably looked at those and reviewed those because some of those -- I mean, once again, some of those materials were in the main body of Section 5, and I know I went through the ones that were in the main body of Section 5 pretty carefully 10:29 when they were in the main body of the report. O If you'll turn your attention to Chapter 6, or at least just of the table of contents, what was your involvement in the preparation of Chapter 6? A Well, I'm trying to remember who had the first 10:29

draft of 6. I think I - I can't remember whether Kristi Mathews or I did the first draft on that. At one point, that was a section within the - within-Section 4, and then I decided to move it out because I thought it was getting lost within all the other 10:29

64

it through with Kristi is what we were trying to do,

10:26 What was your involvement in the preparation of

Of Appendix A. My involvement in Appendix A 10:26 10:27 draft responsibility for that, after we'd gone through, and that came - that appendix at one point was part of the main body of the report, and so I was working on it in there, and I just decided at some point that it was sufficiently long that it was - it would work better as a separate appendix, 10:27 so I moved it out of the main body where we were working on it and put it in the appendix.

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Were any of your staff members involved in any other appendix?

I'll look and see. I think the - my answer 10:27

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issues that were being covered in Section 4. And I just - I don't remember who did the first draft on that. I know I went through it multiple times, and Dr. Rausser did. too.

And how about Chapter 7?

10:30

Chapter 7 was - that was done as a - I would say that the first draft of that was split up between myself and Kristi Mathews, and then between the two of us, we both worked on rewriting that. I know I reworked that several times over the course 10:30 of getting the report finished.

Q Let me hand you what's been marked as Exhibit 2, which is entitled Report of the NOAA Panel on Contingent Valuation dated January 11, 1993. Are you familiar with this report? 10:31

Yes, lam.

What was the purpose of the NOAA report? MR. DEIHL: Object to the form of the

A The - I - the NOAA panel report was a report 10:31 that was done by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. They formed the blue ribbon panel. You know, I don't - you know, I know what their stated purpose was, which was to provide a review of contingent valuation, and the state of

	ALINE (MINI)	
1	the art of contingent valuation and whether it could	different purposes, and so that's the — that is
2	be used in natural resource damage assessment.	that diverse group of companies.
3	Whether NOAA had other purposes in forming that	Q Okay. If you turn to line 15.
4	panel I don't know, but I know what I know from	A On the same page?
5	reading the Federal Register notice that first came 10:32	Q On the same page. 10:36
6	out when they indicated that they were going to form	A Uh-huh.
7	this panel; and then testifying before the panel,	Q If you could read aloud that paragraph,
8	and then reading the report once it finally came	please?
9	out.	A I just looked at that paragraph, yes. I also
10	Q On whose behalf did you present testimony 10:32	remember that Mr. Luthi, L-U-T-H-I, asked people to 10:36
11	before the panel?	indicate whether they felt like that they might also
12	A I think it was for the Ad-Hoc Industry Group,	have a future financial interest in the continuation
13	A-D-H-O-C Industry Group, which is - I think - I	of contingent valuation. After what we've heard
14	think that was done on their behalf is what I	today, I may have had a past involvement in
15	recall. I'm trying to think back that far as to who 10:33	developing these questionnaires. We've also heard 10:37
16	actually sponsored those comments.	that probably I've lost my ability to be able to
17	Q And I'm sorry, the group's name was the	develop such questionnaires, so I guess I no longer
18	Ad-Hoc -	have a future financial interest in such
19	A Yeah, it's called the Ad-Hoc Industry Group.	development,
20	Q And whose interests did the Ad-Hoc Industry 10:33	Q Now, when you told the panel, we've also heard 10:37
21	Group represent?	that probably I've lost my ability to be able to
22	A Various the members of that group are a lot	develop such questionnaires, what did you mean by
23	of a large number of major companies.	that?
24	Q Can you give me some examples?	A Well, that was my attempt at humor that often
25	A Yeah, I can give you a few. Alcoa Aluminum is 10:34	gets me into trouble, but be that as it may, I was 10:37
	66	68
1	one of the members. General Motors is another	referring to the fact that several people that had
2	member. General Electric is another member.	preceded me were critical of the survey work that I
3	Chevron Texaco is another member. Exxon is a	had done as part of the Exxon Valdez studies, and
4	member. General Electric is a member. U.S. Steel	that they were particularly critical of the surveys
5	is a member. Gosh, those are some of the ones that 10:34	that I had done, 10:38
6	I can think of off the top of my head.	Q If you turn to the following page, Page 248,
7	Q Okay. Let me hand you what's been marked as	starting on line 10.
8	Exhibit 3, which is an excerpt from the transcript	A Uh-huh.
9	from the August 12, 1992 hearing before the NOAA	Q And there
IO	panel. Now, this is - if you look through this 10:35	A Line 107 Excuse me. 10:38
11	exhibit, is this the testimony you were referring to	Q Yeah, actually, let me direct your attention
12	before?	up to line 6.
13	A I believe that it is. I haven't seen this in	A Okay, thank you.
14	a long time so I'm just looking it over –	Q And there you say, we did in our report try to
15	Q Okay. 10:35	base it on a review of 24 studies that we feel deal 10:38
16	A – to see.	with nonuse values. Our conclusion was that these
117	Q If you turn to Page 247, line number 10,	studies really did not provide evidence to conclude
18	there's a sentence there that reads, my appearance	that CV was either valid or reliable. In fact, our
19	here today is supported by a diverse group of	conclusion was that CV is not a valid or reliable
20	industrial companies. Is that the group of 10:36	for use in damage assessment purposes, and also that 10:38
21	companies you were just testifying to?	the fixes are not going to be remedied by a simple
22	A Exactly, yes, that was the formal name of	quick fix additional research; do you see that
23	the - of that group. Basically, it's just an	there?
24	association that is — that a lot of different	A I do see that,
25	companies use for doing research and a lot of 10:36	Q And with regard to your statement that CV is 10:38
	67	69
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		18 (Pages 66 to 69)

10:44

10:45

10:43

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1	A Well, it does talk about the issue of base and	A I think this is actually broader than the NOAA
2	scope, but the specifics of that are my	panel, but certainly I'm trying to recall
3	interpretations.	specifically whether NOAA – whether NOAA ever
4	Q Going back to your expert report, in the	really set a guideline. They came out with some
5	second item identified in Table 410, you've 11:03	
6		proposed regulations, and it may have been in those 11:05
7	identified the NOAA panel guideline as nonresponse	proposed regulations that there was the 70 percent
	biased; do you see that?	number.
8	A Yes, I do.	Q But to your knowledge, that proposed
9	Q Is that a reference to the second guideline in	regulation was not promulgated?
10	the NOAA report on Page 30, which is entitled 11:03	A Well, it was promulgated, but - 11:05
11	minimized nonresponses?	Q But not accepted?
12	A Yes, it is, that further goes on to say that	A Well, not exactly, in the sense that basically
13	high nonresponse rates would make the survey results	what NOAA ended up deciding to do was to throw out
14	unreliable.	all the discussion – I don't – I don't want to
15	Q Now, the NOAA report does not identify a 11:03	overstate. They completely refocused the entire 11:06
16	threshold response rate; correct?	damage assessment regulations away from an emphasis
1.7	A There was a lot of discussion about that, as	on valuation and toward an emphasis on restoration
18	to whether they were going to do that or not, and I	and using scaling methods for restoration, so there
19	don't remember whether they came up with one or not.	was – there was a considerable amount of
20	I know there was a lot of discussion about 70 11:03	controversy over their first draft regulations that 11:06
21	percent, but I think they ultimately ended up not	they put forth and a lot of public comment on those
22	specifying one.	regulations. They then took a long time, went back
23	Q Okay. Now, when you say there was a lot of	to the drawing boards, and removed removed all
24	discussion about the response rate, what are you	the discussion of you know, they had a lot of
25	referring to? 11:04	stuff in there on – that really was moving along 11:06
	78	80
1	A Well, there in in the as to whether	with the NOAA panel, and then they took it all out
2	or not it was appropriate to have a specific	and they basically just said, you know, it just
3	response rate guidance, and there were some some	needs to be reliable.
4	people who testified, I believe, who thought that it	Q So to your knowledge, has NOAA ever adopted a
5	was important and others who did not, and I know 11:04	threshold response rate? 11:07
6	that - that under - so that's really what I was	A I'd have to go back and double-check that to
7	talking about.	see whether they had or not. I - I don't recall.
8	Q So just so I understand.	Q If you'd kindly turn to Page 78 of your
9	A Sure.	report.
10	Q So you're referring to the testimony before 11:04	A 78? 11:07
11	the NOAA panel by the —	Q Yes, please. And I'll direct your attention
12	A The various –	to the second paragraph under Section 4.6.
13	Q - many economists?	A The response rate?
14	A That's right.	Q Yes.
15	Q And you testified before that panel; correct, 11:04	A That paragraph? 11:07
16	as we saw?	Q Yes. And then in the third sentence there you
17	A Yes, that's correct.	say, according to Smith 2007, the NOAA panel defined
18	Q Now, in your discussion, going back to your	70 percent as a high response rate; do you see that?
19	report.	A That - that's correct.
20	A Uh-huh. 11:05	Q Is that a reference to Kerry Smith? 11:08
21	Q Table 4.1, you mention the guidelines set by	A I believe so.
22	NOAA and OMB.	Q Now, Kerry Smith was not a member of the NOAA
23	A Uh-huh.	panel, was he?
24	Q I assume there when you say NOAA, you mean the	A No, he was not.
25	NOAA panel? 11:05	Q Let me go back to Page 81. 11:08
	79	81
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1	A Okay.	data are missing completely at random; do you see
2	Q In that same discussion section, where you	that?
3	refer to the guidelines set by OMB, do you see that	A I do see that.
4	there?	Q And is this where your reference to a
5	A Yes. 11:08	threshold response rate of 80 percent comes from? 11:11
6	Q Which set of guidelines by OMB are you	A It certainly – I believe so. I – there is
7	referring to?	another OMB document that but certainly in terms
8	A Oh, I don't remember the specific circular,	of this particular document, that would be the 80
9	but it's the one that relates to data collection,	percent number that's contained in this document.
110	and I believe theirs is like 80 percent, if I 11:08	Q Now, when you say there may be another OMB 11:11
11	remember correctly, and —	document, do you mean another guideline or a
112	Q Now, turning to the references section for	separate report altogether?
13	this chapter, you have a reference there, OMB 2006.	A A separate report altogether. Now, OMB has
14	Standards and guideline for statistical surveys?	produced several different reports related to
15	A I'm sorry, I was — 11:09	surveys and data collection and the use of 11:12
16		information.
17	Q That's okay. I'm looking on Page 88. A 88, okay.	O But this —
18		A This is the one that's referenced, that's
19	Q And this is in your references section for	correct
20	this chapter? A Yes. 11:09	
	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	
21		establish a threshold response rate of 80 percent, does it?
22 23	and guidelines for statistical surveys; do you see that?	A Well, to me, it's an implicit — in the sense
24		that what it does say is is that if you have
25	•	something less than 80 percent, then you need to 11:12
23	Q Do you believe that's a reference going back 11:09	8 4
	V4	0.1
1	to your reference to OMB in the chart?	start doing some kind of nonresponse analysis, and
2	A 1 believe that it is.	that if you're above 80 percent, implicitly to me,
3	Q Okay. Let me hand you a copy of Exhibit 4,	this means that that's much less important for you
4	which is a copy of the Office of Management and	to do. So implicitly, I would view it as a
5	Budget Standards and Guidelines for Statistical 11:10	guideline. 11:12
6	Surveys, September 2006. Is this, to your	Q Now, going back to your Table 4.10 on Page 81.
7	understanding, a copy of what you're referring to in	A Uh-huh.
8	Chapter 6, or in Chapter 4, excuse me?	Q Still in the section you've labeled
9	A I believe that it is. You know, they have	nonresponse bias.
10	produced a number of different documents, but this 11:10	A Yes, I'm getting multiple documents here, So 11:13
11	appears to be a copy of that.	
12	Q Okay. If you would kindly turn to Page 16 of	Q Page 81 of your report.
13	that exhibit, and let me direct your attention to	A Thank you. I have it.
14	guideline 3.2.9.	Q Okay. So I'm in the section you've labeled
15	A is that 16? 11:10	nonresponse bias. 11:13
16	Q Page 16.	A Uh-huh.
17	A Thank you.	Q And in your discussion section, the second
18	Q Is this the guideline that you're referring to	sentence reads, the nonresponse analysis does not
19	in your chart relating to the NOAA guidelines?	address bow the nonrespondents differ from the
20	A 1 believe that it is. 11:11	respondents in terms of the respondent opinions and 11:13
21	Q Now, the first sentence of the guideline says,	experiences that influenced their votes on the
22	given a survey with an overall unit response rate of	program. Did I read that correctly?
23	less than 80 percent, conduct an analysis of	A Yes, you did.
24	nonresponse bias using unit response rates as	Q Where do you find language in the NOAA
25	described above with an assessment of whether the 11:11	guidelines about comparing terms of respondent 11:14
	83	85

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1	think it does speak to the specific points that I've raised in the table.	Q I'm sorry. In your report on Page 78.	
2		A Oh, 78. Yes.	
3	Q But the language that you reference at the end	Q Okay. And I'm looking at the section heading	
4	of guideline 3.2.9 talks about a comparison of the	for Section 4.6.	
5	respondents to known characteristics of the 11:20	A Yes. 11:22	
6	population from an external source; isn't that	Q And the section heading provides, the Stratus	
7	correct?	survey contains nonresponse bias; did I say that	
8	A Yes, that's correct.	correctly?	
9	Q And isn't that what Dr. Tourangeau did?	A Yes, you did.	
10	A Up to a point, 11:20	Q Is that your conclusion here? 11:22	
11	Q And the comparison that you suggest in your	A Yes, it is.	
12	chart would not be from an external source; isn't	Q Now, you have all the survey data, do you not?	
13	that right?	A Yes, I do.	
14	A Oh, it would be.	Q Did you perform any analysis of that data to	
15	Q How would that be from an external source? 11:20	conclude that nonresponse bias exists? 11:22	
16	A You'd have to have it.	A Well, what - I did not do a specific	
17	Q What would the external source be in your	analysis. What I did do was to look at the response	
18	example?	rate, to look at the analysis that was done, and to	
19	A Well, yeah, an external source would be	conclude that when you've got a 50 percent response	
20	whether or not there was information that existed 11:20	rate and roughly 50 percent, 52 percent, and 11:23	
21	that dealt with some of the things that were being	you're missing the other 48, and you have - to me,	
22	measured in the study. And the difficulty that you	what's driving this is the fact that the people	
23	have in a study like this is is that you don't have	who - we don't know how the people who didn't get	
24	that - you don't have it, and so what you're left	the survey are going to respond because most of the	
25	with then is is you either go out and you continue 11:20	things that explain their votes are things that 11:23	
	90	92	
1	to try to interview people who don't respond or you	happened in the survey. So there's an element of	
2	make the adjustments that Dr. Tourangeau did, which	Catch 22 here. And so to some extent, I think	
3	is, okay, we know these four or five things, we can	that's what puts a greater weight on having a higher	
4	adjust for those. But what you don't know is is for	response rate in a survey where you're not going to	
5	all these other things that matter, you can't make 11:21	be able to explain that much just based on kind of 11:23	
6	an adjustment for them, and that, to me, is the	census data that you know you can always get that	
7	whole heart of the nonresponse issue, and that's -	external reference to.	
8	that's really what I'm referring to in that table.	Q Do you have any quantitative evidence for	
9	Q So just so I'm clear.	concluding that nonresponse bias exists here?	
10	A Sure. 11:21	A Well, I have qualitative, but not quantitative 11:24	
11	Q When you make a reference to OMB, and then you	evidence because you the only way that you could	
12	go on to refer to this comparison —	have quantitative evidence would be is if you –	
13	A Uh-huh.	would be if you were able to go out and administer	
14	Q — are you referring to guideline 3.2.9?	the survey to a large enough sample of the	
15 16	A Well, I am, because I think if-you read — 11:21	nonrespondents, and then to be able to see whether 11:24	
17	when it talks about if the characteristics in	or not those nonrespondents respond in the same way	
18	question are related to the survey's key variables,	as the respondents, and that's the only way that you	
	as you continue that through, to me, the survey's	could do it. So it's not possible to have a	
19 20	key variables in a lot of these surveys are not just the ones that we routinely have information on. 11:21	quantitative estimate without doing that kind of	
21	•	independent work. 11:24	
22	Q Let me turn your attention back to Page 78 of	Q If we could go back to the NOAA panel	
23	your report. Now, the section heading for Section	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
24	4.6 states, the Stratus survey contains nonresponse bias; do you see that?		
2.7	i pias, uo vuu see luhl;	Q Which is Exhibit 2. Excuse me. And here I'm	
25		1 -	
25	A I'm sorry, where are we? I lost you. 11:22	referring to the guideline entitled, Careful 11:25	
25		1 -	

11:28

11:28

11:28

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And when you say careful pretesting would have documented the salient changes in a questionnaire over time, what specific documentation do you claim 11:29 Yeah, I guess my answer wasn't very clear because I tried to answer that. In the sense that I would like to have seen documentation of what was 11:30 97 25 (Pages 94 to 97)

1	said in the focus groups, and then how that led to	A Yes.	
2	the specific changes that were in the next version	Q Is that his language?	
3	that was used in the next focus group.	A I'm pretty sure it is.	
4	So, for example, we have a version that	Q With regard to the Stratus survey, is it your	
5	was here in focus group 2 and we have a version that 11:30	understanding that there were 35 plus focus groups? 11:32	
6	was in focus group 1, but we don't know very much	A There were a lot, I don't remember the	
7	about what was said in focus group I that allows us	specific number, but there were a lot.	
В	to know how 2 changed in response to what people	Q Do you know how many one-on-one interviews	
9	said and why. All we have is is the interpretation	there were?	
10	on the part of the people that were there, and we 11:30	A There were quite a few of those, 11:33	
11	don't have a videotape or an audiotape that would	Q Do you have a ballpark figure?	
12	allow us to be able to hear what people were saying	A I don't know. I don't recall.	
13	and to see whether or not - whether or not 1 would	Q Do you know how many pretests there were?	
14	have agreed with what those changes were that were	A Two, I believe.	
15	made. So I guess that's the documentation that - 11:30	Q Do you know how many pilots there were? 11:33	
16	that I'm referring to.	A One – two pilots.	
17	Q (By Ms. Moll) Now, the NOAA guidelines do not	Q And when all was totaled, do you know how many	
18	require the audiotaping or videotaping of focus	respondents participated in the pretesting stage?	
19	groups; correct?	A There were a lot. I don't recall the specific	
20	MR. DEIHL: Object to the form. 11:31	number, 11:33	
21	A They are very general guidelines. They are	Q Going back to your chart.	
22	very general guidelines. And so the question is is	A Uh-huh.	
23	whether or not you want someone to be able to come	Q Under the guideline that you referred to as	
24	along and evaluate what you've done and the	conservative design.	
25	judgments that you've made, and when you don't have 11:31	A Yeah, sure. 11:33	
:	98	100	
1	those, all you can look at — all you can look at is	Q Do you have that in front of you?	
2	at the outputs that come out. I can look at the new	A Yes, I do. Thank you.	
3	version, but I can't get a very good sense of the	Q You first state in your chart that the CV	
4	inputs that led — led to that new version. So I	questionnaire is not balanced in terms of presenting	
5	guess that's really what I'm trying to get at here. 11:31	information on the poultry industry and other 11:34	
6	Q So let me ask my question again.	sources of phosphorus; did I read that correctly?	
7	A Sure,	A Yes, you did.	
8	Q If I could.	Q Now, the NOAA guideline, which is on Page 32	
9	A Okay.	of Exhibit 2, doesn't use the term balance, does it?	
10	Q The NOAA guidelines do not specifically talk 11:31	A No, it doesn't use the term balanced. 11:34	
11	about audiotaping or videotaping of focus groups;	Q And when you made this statement in your chart	
12	correct?	under the discussion session regarding conservative	
13	A No, they –	design, are you making the assumption that the	
14	MR. DEIHL: Same objection.	contribution of phosphorus by the poultry industry	
15	A They talk about careful pretesting. 11:31	is smaller than the 60 percent figure mentioned in 11:34	
16	Q (By Ms. Moll) But with specific regard to	the survey?	
17	audiotaping and videotaping, they make no mention?	A No, I'm not — I'm not making that — I don't	
18	A They make it's a - I would agree that they	know what the percentage is. My point is is that	
19	don't, but I also think that it's a very broad	there's a lack of balance between the detailed	
20	guideline, and to me, when you see the word careful 11:32	information that's presented on the number of 11:35	
21 22	pretesting, you have to add some ment to what does	chickens and turkeys that are located within the	
23	careful pretesting involve, and that's what I've done is add some meat to it.	watershed versus the amount of details that are	
24	Q Does Kerry Smith in his 2007 paper here talk	provided on septic tanks and sewage treatment plants	
25		and golf courses and other sources of phosphorus	
		that exist in the area. So to me, in terms of 11:35	
	99	101	

1	balance, if you're going to provide specific	So to the extent that people are responding to	
2	information about one aspect, you provide specific	things that go beyond the poultry industry, I think	
3	information about the other aspects, too, so that	that you're getting answers that aren't relevant to	
4	people can form their own opinion about the relative	the damage assessment.	
5	weight of things, and not just simply rely upon 11:35	Q But do you agree with me that the question of 11:38	
6	that the numbers that are those specific		
7	numbers that are in there.	the allocation of damages is a legal question? MR. DEIHL: Object to the form of the	
8	Q Let me turn your attention, still within your	question.	
9	chart in your report on Page 82, to the guideline	A I would – to a point, I guess. Thank you.	
10	you refer to as accurate description of injury and 11:36	MS. MOLL: If you don't mind – thank you. 11:40	
11	proposed program. Do you have that in front of you?	1 was going to —	
12	A I do have that.		
		A She's sitting there eyeing the pitcher of	
13	Q And let me direct your attention to the second	water as it's coming to the table.	
14	sentence of your discussion there. There you state,	Q (By Ms. Moll) I'm getting a little hoarse.	
15	moreover, the damages estimate that results from the 11:36	A I know, so am I, so that you've asked as 11:40	
16	survey reflects injury from all past sources, not	many questions as I've tried to answer, so we're	
17	uniquely the poultry industry defendants. Because	both in the same boat.	
1.8	the described — excuse me, alum treatment did not	Q Okay. Let me turn your attention to the NOAA	
19	distinguish the source of the phosphorus, the CV	guidelines again.	
20	results are not relevant for damage assessment as 11:36	A Okny. 11:40	
21	the NOAA panel guidelines indicate. Did I read that	Q Page 33.	
22	correctly?	A Page 33, okay.	
23	A Yes, you did.	Q The guideline is entitled, Pretesting of	
24	Q Now, the NOAA guidelines do not address	Photographs. Would you read the guideline for the	
25	allocating damages in a damage assessment; correct? 11:36	court, please. 11:40	
	102	104	
1	A What they be leading at that one on Duca	A Sure. Pretesting of photographs. The effects	
2	A What they - I'm looking at that one on Page		
3	32 and Page 33, which is the accurate description of	of photographs on subjects must be carefully	
4	the policy or program, and so to me, accurate	explored.	
	implies that the information that's given is	Q Now, here the effects of photographs on	
5 6	accurate and correct and the like, and then it also 11:37	subjects were explored by the Stratus team during 11:40	
	says that it must be defined in a way that's	focus groups, were they not?	
7	relevant to damage assessment. So to the extent	A Based on the representations that have been	
8	that this is a damage assessment that's being	made by – by the various experts, yes. Whether or	
9	conducted where the defendant is the poultry	not those are careful ones, I don't know.	
10	industry, I think that the survey includes things 11:37	Q Now, the effects of photographs on subjects 11:41	
11	that in terms of what's explained to people that go	were also explored during the one-on-one interviews;	
12	beyond the poultry industry. So given that, I think	isn't that your understanding?	
13	that those answers that you're getting are larger	A I believe that's correct, yes.	
14	than the answers that would be specific to the	Q And they were also explored during the	
15	industry itself. 11:37	pretests? 11:41	
16	Q But that NOAA guideline does not specifically	A I don't recall specifically about the pretest.	
17	address the allocation of damages; isn't that right?	I do remember the first two.	
18	A Well, okay, it doesn't say that you have to	Q Okay. Now isn't it true that during the	
19	allocate damages, but what it does say is it must be	course of this testing process, the Stratus team	
20	defined in a way that's relevant to the damage 11:38	conferred as a group and discarded several 11:41	
21	assessment. So that's the way I've interpreted what	photographs based on the effect on respondents?	
22	that sentence means. What's relevant to the damage	A That's what they've reported, that's correct.	
23	assessment. Well, this is not a damage assessment	Q And you've been provided with all photographs	
24	about the sewage treatment plants, you know, this is	used during the testing process; isn't that right?	
25	a damage assessment that's associated with poultry. 11:38	MR. DEIHL: Object to the form of the 11:41	
	103	105	
		To the second se	

1	question.	coverage of the environmental changes. Now, the	
2	A I don't know the answer – I don't know as to	NOAA guideline itself doesn't reference media	
3	whether I've seen all the photographs or whether I	coverage; correct?	
4	was able to find all the photographs.	A No, it doesn't, but that was certainly, you	
5	Q (By Ms. Moll) Do you have any basis to 11:42	know, some of the - there was a lot of discussion 11:45	
6	believe that you have not been provided with	associated with this in terms of the people who	
7	everything?	testified and this whole - both of these two things	
8	A No, I don't, other than there's quite a few	that come here in terms of when you have something	
9	documents that were just not organized in a specific	like an oil spill or a suit that's filed or	
10	way, so I don't know whether I have them all or not. 11:42	whatever, that that media coverage can have an 11:45	
11	Q Going back to your chart on Page 82 of your	influence on people's responses. And so what -	
12	report.	what the panel was really and, you know,	
13	A Uli-huh.	anyone - anyone who watched the media coverage	
14	Q Under the guideline that you referred to as	associated with the Exxon Valdez knows exactly what	
15	adequate time lapse from incident, do you see that? 11:42	that coverage was like, and I think the panel was 11:46	
16	A Yes, I do.	really responding to that type of – of pretty	
17	Q You believe that this guideline was not	extensive media coverage in trying to formulate some	
18	satisfied?	guideline that you need to have some caution about	
19	A Well, you know, essentially what you know,	the time lapse here. That's the context in which	
20	I do believe it was not satisfied, that's correct. 11:43	that's going on. 11:46	
21	Q Now, in your view, what would be a long enough	,	
22	time lapse?		
23	A 1'll have to think about that a second. 1	an emotional impact that someone would have over	
24	think at least a year, maybe longer in terms of	seeing an oil-covered bird in the Exxon Valdez case	
25	l	or something like that?	
23	ultimately trying to sort — I mean, one of the 11:43	A That was certainly one of the things that I 11:46	
1	things that let me change my answer, if that's	think was at issue, that's right.	
2	okay. I think it's hard to put a specific number on	Q But that came from the testimony before the	
3	it because this is something that that is - what	panel?	
4	I'm trying to say in here basically just talks about	A It was something that came up. It was - I	
5	the fact that information is changing as you're 11:44	know it was something that was discussed either in 11:46	
6	going along here, and that there's a lot of	the testimony or among the - I've also looked at	
7	different pieces that come into play in doing that.	documents that I haven't looked at in quite a long	
8	And so it - it's hard to know exactly when things	time, but there were a series of documents that were	
9	start and when things end so as to how - what is it	provided as to some of the discussions that took	
10	that what's the incident specifically that you're 11:44	place among the NOAA panel member themselves after 11:47	
11	going to put your handle on. This particular	the hearings, and this was an issue that they were	
12	guideline was envisioned in terms of an oil spill,	grappling with because they didn't want to have	
13	so you have a very clear incident that occurred at a	media coverage having an inordinate influence in the	
11.4	very clear point in time. We have something here	damage assessment.	
15	that the time period is more difficult to try to get 11:44	Q Now, in your discussion section of this 11:47	
16	your hands around, I guess is what I'm saying.	guideline on Page 82.	
17	Q So do you have an opinion in this case what	A Uh-huh.	
18	would be a sufficient time lapse?	Q You state, the media coverage has increased	
19	A I'm not sure, I guess, as to what would be	awareness of the algae conditions over the last	
20	sufficient. 11:45	year. 11:47	
21	Q Okay. Now, in your discussion section	A Yes,	
22	relating to that same guideline.		
23	A Uh-huh.	Q In this statement, what media coverage are you referring to?	
24	Q You state, the NOAA panel included this	A There has been a number of newspaper articles	
2 5	guideline to address frequent and biased media 11:45		
		_	
	107	109	

for lunch, we were going through the NOAA

interpretations you can make. They either	guidelines. If you would kindly turn to Page 35 of	
understood what was read and then rejected it, or	Exhibit No. 2, which is the set of NOAA guidelines.	
they didn't understand it and they went on anyway.	A I have that.	
So, for example, if you look at someone who	Q Okay. You're open to Page 35; correct?	
indicated that they were valuing something other 11:54	A Yeah, of the guidelines? 01:11	
than Tenkiller Lake and the Illinois River, in that	Q Correct.	
specific instance where you've got 40 percent of the	1 -	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	A Is that — yes, uh-huh.	
people saying that they were, to me, that's an	Q If you'd kindly read for me the guideline	
indication that they either didn't understand that	entitled Alternative Expenditure Possibilities.	
the questionnaire was only about these two, or that 11:54	A Respondents must be reminded that their 01:11	
they understood it but they said, well, that's okay,	willingness to pay for the environmental program in	
we really care about all of these things and we	question would reduce their expenditures for private	
think that this number that I'm giving here really	goods or other public goods. This reminder should	
is going to help all these things, not just those	be more than perfunctory but less than overwhelming.	
two – not just those two water bodies. 11:55	The goal is to induce response to keep in mind other 01:11	
Q Well, my question relates specifically to the	likely expenditures, including those on other	
language of the guideline.	environmental goods when evaluating the main	
A Okay. All right. Sorry.	scenario.	
Q So let me rephrase my question, if I could.	Q Now, this guideline goes toward what kind and	
A Sure. 11:55	how much language gets put in the survey 01:1	
Q In concluding that this guideline was not	questionnaire about budget constraints; isn't that	
satisfied, is it your opinion that the survey	right?	
instrument was so complex that it posed tasks that	A Yes. It speaks to the budget constraint, It	
are beyond the ability or interest level of many	speaks to the issue in terms of what people are	
participants? 11:55	considering when they're giving their response or 01:12	
114	116	
A 11 12 2 3 3		
A l believe that's the case.	voting for a program or whatever in terms of other	
Q And what do you base that on?	things that they could do with the money.	
A Well, 1 1 just gave you one in terms of the	Q And let me hand you what was marked as	
40 percent of the people. There's also indications	Deposition Exhibit No. 11 from the deposition of	
of people who thought that restoration was going to 11:55	David Chapman, and this, I'll represent, is a copy 01:12	
be faster or slower than what was indicated. There	of the base survey.	
were also people who disagreed with the	A Okay.	
effectiveness of the restoration program. So to me,	Q So – and this is Page A-19 that I'm handing	
there were significant indications that either	you. Sorry for the awkwardness.	
people were – you know, either didn't understand 11:56	A That's all right, not a problem. 01:12	
what was there or they understood it and they chose	Q Okay. Now, if you look at the bottom of Page	
to ignore it in terms of the way they answered the	A-19, I'd like for you to read from the survey the	
questions.	two sentences starting with the last sentence at the	
MS. MOLL: 1 think we should probably take	bottom of that page and continuing on through the	
a tape change. 11:56	first sentence of the next page. 01:13	
A Sure.	A If the state?	
MS. MOLL: And what time is it?	Q Correct.	
VIDEOGRAPHER: We are off the record. The	A Is that where you're - thank you. If the	
time is 11:52 a.m.	state does increase your taxes, you might prefer	
(Following a lunch recess at 11:56 a.m., 11:56	that it spend the money on other environmental 01:13	
proceedings continued on the record at 1:10 p.m.)	issues or on issues other than the environment, or	
VIDEOGRAPHER: We are back on the record.	the tax increase might be more than your household	
The time is 1:06 p.m.	can afford to pay. Are those the sentences?	
Q (By Ms. Moll) Dr. Desvousges, before we broke	Q Correct. And then further down in the	
For least we were asian thereal the NO to the Office of	1	

01:10

questionnaire, do you see on Page A-20 a paragraph 01:14

1	entitled or starting with, in a moment, four lines	Q And isn't that what the Stratus survey did?	
2	from the top?	A It did that, but in my mind, it didn't have	
3	A Yes, yes, I do.	the effect of having people really consider what	
4	Q Would you read that for me?	their willingness to pay was.	
5	A In a moment, I'm going to ask you to vote. 01:14	Q But my question is, the Stratus survey 01:17	
6	Before you vote, please think about the alum	followed the language of the guideline?	
7	treatment - about what the alum treatments would	A Well –	
В	do, the cost that your household would have to pay,	MR. DEIHL: Object to the form of the	
9	and the other things you could spend the money on	question.	
10	instead. 01:14	A Certainly in terms of one can either look at 01:17	
11	Q Now, these two passages from the survey that	language or one can look at results, and if you look	
12	you just read are reminders of alternative	at the language, they meet the language. If you	
13	expenditure possibilities; correct?	look at the results of how people answered the	
14	A Yes, they are.	question, you get a different picture, and I'm	
15	Q And do you believe that those reminders are 01:14	focusing on the results in what I say here. 01:17	
16	perfunctory?	Q (By Ms. Moll) And the language of the	
17	A Well, I think that −1 think the results of	guideline is focused on the language of the survey,	
18	them was that they were perfunctory. Am I still	isn't it?	
19	going to be using this or -	A Well, you know, to me - these are general	
20	Q No. 01:15	guidelines that have been put forth here, and 01:17	
21	A Okay. Excuse me. Which is what I say in	what – the way that I've looked at them is is that	
22	the - in my table, that, you know, basically what !	you can either view these as the letter of what's	
23	say is that the respondents - what our analysis	said there or you can look and say, okay, this is an	
24	showed was respondents did not consider their	issue that needs to have consideration within the	
25	incomes, that their willingness to pay was such that 01:15	survey, and so it's something that you should try to 01:18	
	118	120	
1	the income elasticity was less for lower income		
2	people than for higher income people. So that, to	evaluate what people do. And so my comments, as	
3	me, was an indication that people really weren't	I've gone through here, really have really tried	
4	processing what their ability to pay was, and that's	to focus on, well, what do we see from the survey	
5	really what we're seeing here. 01:15	itself, as not that it's simply enough to go through pro forma and say, yeah, okay, we met we checked 01:18	
6	Q That wasn't exactly my question.	pro forma and say, yeah, okay, we met we checked 01:18 that box off, but to look and see, okay, what did	
7	A Okay.	how did people respond. And so that's – I guess	
8	Q So let me come at it again. My question was,	that's the distinction I'm drawing here between the	
9	you had agreed with me that the two passages that	language of what's really written there in terms of	
10	you read are reminders of alternative expenditure 01:16	the literal language versus what I think is the 01:18	
11	possibilities; correct?	intent to say this is an important issue and you	
12	A Yeah, they are.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
13	Q And my question was, are those reminders, in	need to look and see whether or not people responded to it.	
14	your view, perfunctory?	Q In this guideline, concerning alternative	
15	A 1 think my answer was yes, I think they are 01:16	,	
16	perfunctory in the sense of how do you know whether	results, does it?	
17	they're more than perfunctory than to look at the	MR. DEIHL: Object to the form of the	
18	outcomes, and so that's essentially what I'm doing	question.	
19	is looking at the outcomes to judge that.	A It is a guideline, and so one either – one	
20	Q Now, the guideline itself gives a 01:16	either interprets the guideline literally and says 01:18	
21	recommendation as to what the reminder should look	okay, we have to have these words, or one looks at	
22	like, doesn't it, in terms of identifying other	the guideline and says, this is an important issue.	
23	likely expenditures, including those on other		
24	environmental goods?	Q (By Ms. Moll) Well, Dr. Desvousges, I	
2 5	A Yes, it does say that. 01:16	understand that that's your interpretation of the 01:19	
	119	121	
		21 / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	

1	guideline. I'm talking about the language of the	warm glow and felt satisfaction toward saying yes to		
2	guideline itself.	a tax contribution?		
3	A Yeah, and I've indicated that that's what the	MR. DEIHL: Object to the form of the		
4	language says, yes.	question.		
5	Q So you would read the guideline when it says 01:19	A Well, the - I think there's there's two 01:22		
6	this reminder should be more than perfunctory to	groups of people that are responding to the survey,		
7	read the results should be more than perfunctory?	as well. There are the people who actually have		
В	A No, not at all. What - the way that - to me	paid taxes in the last year and didn't get a full		
9	the question is, okay, what does - what does	refund, so that's some element of what's going on		
10	perfunctory tell you? Well, perfunctory would tell 01:19	here, as well, is when you talk about people who are 01:22		
11	me that in some way, people went through and	going to pay a tax increase, well, for 35 percent of		
12	seriously considered the language that was provided	the people in the last year, that was not a relevant		
13	as part of this reminder, and so that's the	consideration for them, so they may be saying yes		
14	interpretation that I've given.	and getting a warm glow with the expectation that		
15	Q Let's go to the next guideline called 01:19			
16		they're not going to make the payment anyway. 01:23		
17	deflection of transaction value on Page 36. Do you have that before you?	Q (By Ms. Moll) Okay. I'm going to hand you		
18		what was marked as Exhibit 12 at David Chapman's		
19	A Yes, I do.	deposition, and this is Appendix D to the Stratus CV		
	Q Okay. Now, the first sentence of the	report called main study survey marginals. I'm		
20	guideline says, the survey should be designed to 01:20	handing you page D-14. 01:24		
21	deflect the general warm glow of giving or the	A Okay.		
22	dislike of big business away from the specific	MR. DEIHL: If I can take a moment to get		
23	environmental program that is being evaluated; did I	my copy?		
24	read that correctly?	MS. MOLL; Sure.		
25	A Yes, you did. 01:20	Q (By Ms. Moll) Okay. Do you have Page D-14 01:24		
	122	124		
_		_		
1	Q What evidence do you have for the notion that			
_		open?		
2	Oklahoma residents feel a warm glow toward paying	A Yes, I do.		
3	Oklahoma residents feel a warm glow toward paying higher taxes to the state government?	A Yes, I do. Q So looking at Table D-33.		
3 4	Oklahoma residents feel a warm glow toward paying higher taxes to the state government? MR. DEIHL: Object to the form of the	A Yes, I do. Q So looking at Table D-33. A Okay.		
3 4 5	Oklahoma residents feel a warm glow toward paying higher taxes to the state government? MR. DEIHL: Object to the form of the question. 01:20	A Yes, I do. Q So looking at Table D-33. A Okay. Q Now, isn't it true that 86 percent of the 01:24		
3 4 5 6	Oklahoma residents feel a warm glow toward paying higher taxes to the state government? MR. DEIHL: Object to the form of the question. 01:20 A Well, I think there are – there are several	A Yes, I do. Q So looking at Table D-33. A Okay. Q Now, isn't it true that 86 percent of the 01:24 people who gave a response to the base questionnaire		
3 4 5 6 7	Oklahoma residents feel a warm glow toward paying higher taxes to the state government? MR. DEIHL: Object to the form of the question. 01:20 A Well, I think there are – there are several parts to this – to the idea of what warm glow is.	A Yes, I do. Q So looking at Table D-33. A Okay. Q Now, isn't it true that 86 percent of the 01:24 people who gave a response to the base questionnaire thought it would cost the amount they were told or		
3 4 5 6 7 8	Oklahoma residents feel a warm glow toward paying higher taxes to the state government? MR. DEIHL: Object to the form of the question. 01:20 A Well, I think there are – there are several parts to this – to the idea of what warm glow is. It's not – the idea of warm glow is is that	A Yes, I do. Q So looking at Table D-33. A Okay. Q Now, isn't it true that 86 percent of the 01:24 people who gave a response to the base questionnaire thought it would cost the amount they were told or more?		
3 4 5 6 7 8	Oklahoma residents feel a warm glow toward paying higher taxes to the state government? MR. DEIHL: Object to the form of the question. O1:20 A Well, I think there are – there are several parts to this – to the idea of what warm glow is. It's not – the idea of warm glow is is that people – people get some satisfaction from making a	A Yes, I do. Q So looking at Table D-33. A Okay. Q Now, isn't it true that 86 percent of the 01:24 people who gave a response to the base questionnaire thought it would cost the amount they were told or more? A Yes. That — let me double-check. 80 — 86?		
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Oklahoma residents feel a warm glow toward paying higher taxes to the state government? MR. DEIHL: Object to the form of the question. 01:20 A Well, I think there are — there are several parts to this — to the idea of what warm glow is. It's not — the idea of warm glow is is that people — people get some satisfaction from making a contribution towards something that's going to make 01:21	A Yes, I do. Q So looking at Table D-33. A Okay. Q Now, isn't it true that 86 percent of the 01:24 people who gave a response to the base questionnaire thought it would cost the amount they were told or more? A Yes. That — let me double-check. 80 — 86? I see 82.6. The amount you told me and more than 01:25		
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3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Oklahoma residents feel a warm glow toward paying higher taxes to the state government? MR. DEIHL: Object to the form of the question. O1:20 A Well, I think there are – there are several parts to this – to the idea of what warm glow is. It's not – the idea of warm glow is is that people – people get some satisfaction from making a contribution towards something that's going to make 01:21 the environment better, and it's not specific to – it's not specific to the resource in question. And so to me, the – what – when I observe 40 percent	A Yes, I do. Q So looking at Table D-33. A Okay. Q Now, isn't it true that 86 percent of the 01:24 people who gave a response to the base questionnaire thought it would cost the amount they were told or more? A Yes. That — let me double-check. 80 — 86? I see 82.6. The amount you told me and more than 01:25 the amount, if you add those two together in the base survey? Q My math may have been off. What percentage do		
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1	respondents who voted for the program because it	don't know?	
2	would help the environment in general, according to	A I know half of it, but I don't know the second	
3	your discussion on this guideline, also said they	half.	
4	voted for the program because they believed it would	Q Okay. Let's go down to the guideline called	
5	clean up this lake and river? 01:26	advanced approval. And you state in your discussion 01:29	
6	A 1'm sorry, I don't understand your question.	section on that guideline, Stratus did not seek	
7	Q Have you analyzed let me try to clean the	advance approval of the defendants, did I read that	
8	question up.	correctly?	
9	A Okay, thank you. Can I do I need to keep	A Yes.	
110	this open or - 01:26	Q Now, advanced approval by the defendants is 01:30	
11	Q No. That's probably not a good place to put	not a requirement of the NOAA panel guidelines;	
112	it.	correct?	
113	A Can I hand it back to you? Thank you.	A I'm sorry? I'm looking at it. And on Page	
114	Q (By Ms. Moll) Let me rephrase my question.	36?	
115	A Thank you. 01:27	Q Why don't you go shead and read the guideline 01:30	
116	Q Have you analyzed withdrawn. Let's go back	part.	
117	to the chart on Page 83 in your report.	A Okay. It says, since the design of the CV	
118	A Okay.	survey can have a substantial effect on the	
119	Q So looking under the guideline, deflection of	responses, it is desirable that if possible,	
20	transaction value? 01:27	critical features be pre-approved by both sides in a 01:30	
21	A Uh-huh.	legal action with arbitration and/or experiments	
22	Q Now, you state here that the follow-up	used when disagreements cannot be resolved by the	
23	questions indicate that many respondents voted	parties themselves.	
24	before the program because it would help the	Q Now, the guidelines use the phrase if	
25	environment in general? 01:27	possible; correct? 01:30	
	126	128	
-	A In. L. I.		
1 2	A Uh-huh.	A It does say those words, if possible.	
3	Q Do you mean for the program? A Yes.	Q So are you suggesting that Stratus should have	
4	Q So my question is, have you analyzed how many	sought advance approval of the defendants regarding	
5	of those respondents who voted for the program 01:27	the entire survey? A I think the way that — the way that I read 01:31	
6	because it would help the environment in general	this is is that the critical features be	
7	also said they voted for the program because they	pre-approved by both sides in the legal action. So	
8	believed it would clean up this lake and river?	to me, that would be the critical design features	
9	A Okay. We certainly analyzed the people that	and questionnaire features in the survey would have	
10	indicated that they were valuing something beyond 01:28	been agreed upon. 01:31	
11	the two - beyond Tenkiller Lake and the Illinois	Q And would you expect the defendants to have	
12	River. What - and that was part of the recoding	given their approval?	
13	that we did in terms of looking at what happens to	MR. HIXON: Object to form.	
14	willingness to pay when you take those people, who	A I don't know what the defendants would have	
15	said that they were valuing something else, and 01:29	done. 01:31	
16	voted for the program, and changed their response	Q (By Ms. Moll) Are you aware of any litigation	
17	from a yes to a no, so that's certainly an analysis	in which defendants gave their approval to various	
18	that we did. Whether or not - I don't know whether	features of the survey?	
19	or not any of those people that we recoded who gave	A I'm assuming in your question that you don't	
20	that answer might have also given the other answer. 01:29	want to include cooperative assessments where 01:32	
21	I don't know the answer to that. We focused	there's a threat of litigation that's out there -	
22	primarily on the fact that they were responding to	Q Correct.	
23	this question to me, which was an indicator that	A - is that correct? This is actual	
24	they were valuing something beyond what was there.	litigation —	
25	Q But with regard to the question I asked, you 01:29	Q Correct. 01:32	
	127	129	
	121	123	

MR. HIXON: Same objection. In terms of a hypothetical that you're putting forth here, is - is that the way you're asking Q (By Ms. Moll) Yes. 01:36 Okay. Because - it - there's -- there are a lot of things that are going through my mind in terms of how to respond to that. Hypothetically, if you have - if you have a lake and a river and it's the same - and you only have the lake, is that the idea or - could you - I'm sorry, I'm having trouble with this question, if you could repeat it Q Do you think people view a polluted lake and a polluted river as a bigger problem than just a 01:36 MR. HIXON: Same objection. I guess maybe what I'm having trouble with is the bigger problem in terms of do you mean -certainly, I think you could say that there's -01:37 it's - there are two resources impacted instead of one, I think you could -- you can say that. Whether or not it's a bigger problem I think would depend on the specific circumstances. Q (By Ms. Moll) What is the null hypothesis in 01:37 I believe that the null hypothesis is that one is -- that the base version is less than the -- the scope version is less than the base version. And what is the alternative hypothesis? 01:38 That they would be the same, I think, Dr. Desvousges, is it your expert opinion that the correct statistical test of a null hypothesis that two parameters are equal is to determine whether the two confidence intervals for the two 01:39 parameter estimates overlap? The idea of having overlapping confidence intervals to me is really a -- it's really somewhat independent of the particular hypothesis test that you've set forth. It's just simply looking to see, when you look at the outcomes that you get from the standard errors and the means there, when you put -when you construct those confidence intervals, are they really separate or are they not, and it's really more of an intuitive rather than a 01:39 statistical concept that a lot of times what I try to do is - when I'm testing things, I've got the

34 (Pages 130 to 133)

01:40

1	actually run the statistical test and you get a	Q The impact on water-based recreation.	
2	difference, then the two confidence intervals, you	A Oh, on water-based recreation. From increased	
3	know, one is here, one is higher and one is lower	phosphorus loadings or from — or is it just	
4	and they don't overlap. And so intuitively, what -	recreation? I'm having a little trouble, I guess,	
5	what I'm talking about when I talk about overlapping 01:40	with your question. 01:44	
6	confidence intervals is is that in some situations	Q Well, tell me in your own words what you were	
7	what you can have is that you may have the upper end	examining in Chapter 2.	
8	of one and the lower end of the other overlap in	A All right. What we were looking at in Chapter	
9	terms of just kind of graphical presentation.	2 was several different data sources to try to	
10	Q But the analysis that you just described is 01:40	provide information on whether or not there was 01:44	
11	not a statistical test; correct?	sufficient information to be able to determine	
12	A No, it's not a statistical test. It's a way	whether increased phosphorus loadings had	
13	of just simply looking at the statistical outcomes	impacted - or the alleged increase in phosphorus	
14	that come out of the statistical tests to see	loadings had impacted water-based recreation and in	
15	whether or not they're - whether or not these 01:41	terms of the Illinois River and Tenkiller Lake, 01:44	
16	confidence intervals are really separate from each	specifically.	
17	other.	Q Now, you have conducted recreation demand	
18	Q Is a t-test a way to test for equivalence of	studies throughout your career using revealed	
19	means?	preference data; is that correct?	
20	A Yes. 01:41	A Yes. 01:44	
21	Q Did you perform a t-test?	Q Can you identify those studies for me?	
22	A I have to - I don't know what - Dr. Rausser	A Do you want to go to the resume again?	
23	and I, in going through and looking at those, I'm	Q Sure.	
24	trying to remember whether he actually did formally	A Okay. Are we finished with NOAA panel?	
25	did do t-tests. I'm not sure. We talked about - 01:41	Q Yes, that's fine. 01:45	
	134	136	
1	up tellegil chant this issue and black the fi		
1 2	we talked about this issue, and I don't — I don't recall whether there was a t-test that was done or	A Can I move it up out of the way? Would you	
3	not.	mind if I just moved both of these just — do we	
4	Q What did you talk to Dr. Rausser about on that	have a place that we can put them? Thank you very much. Okay. I'm trying to – okay. We can either	
5	issue? 01:42	start at the beginning of the key projects why 01:45	
6	A Well, we were just talking about the it was	don't we do that. Maybe it's easier. I usually	
7	really the broader issue in terms of the comparison	start at the end for some reason. I don't know why	
8	of base and scope versions, and then he was the one,	I was doing that. The key project starts on, what	
9	given his econometric expertise, that actually	is it, Page 2 of the resume, if it had a page	
10	performed – whatever specific tests that were done, 01:42	number? Could – are you including ones that you 01:46	
11	he would have been the one that would have done it.	use existing data or ones that involve data	
12	Q I want to turn to Chapter 2 of your report.	collections?	
13	A Okay.	Q Both.	
14	Q And Chapter 2 of your report examines the	A Both, okay. So the first one - the first one	
15	impact on water-based recreation at lakes in 01:43	that probably shows up is benefit cost analysis of 01:46	
16	Oklahoma; correct?	the 316(b) Regulatory Alternatives in California.	
17	A. The goest would van mind sometime the	It's, I guess, what, four from the bottom. There is	
	A I'm sorry, would you mind repeating the		
18	question?	also a recreation survey, angler survey that was	
19	question? Q Sure.	also a recreation survey, angler survey that was done for the lower Passaic River. This specifically	
19 20	question? Q Sure. A I lost it in the process of getting open to 01:43	also a recreation survey, angler survey that was done for the lower Passaic River. This specifically refers to a creel and angler survey bullet, but 01:47	
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1	analysis. The Saginaw Bay and River damage	recreators simi
2	assessment on the next page would be one. The	collected data o
3	Lavaca Bay damage assessment would be another.	over the course
4	Clark Fork Basin in Montana would be another. Fox	a household scr
5	River, natural resource damage assessment would be 01:48	remember corre
6	another. I'm not sure what I can say about the	and we asked v
7	Kalamazoo River at this point in time in terms of	then we collect
8	what information has been made public and what has	five or six mon
9	not been made public. The St. Lawrence involves a	included angler
10	recreation survey. The Martinez involved transfer, 01:49	outdoor recrea
11	so some kind of recreation evaluation. Same for	particularly, I r
12	Gasconade River and Arthur Kill, and then the	the - I don't be
13	comparison of alternative benefits approaches,	data for any of
14	that's the Monongahela study.	mentioned ther
15	Q So the list that you've just identified 01:49	or another. Th
16	capture all of the recreation demand studies that	individual level
17	you've done that used revealed preference data?	anglers, but we
18	A Yeah, defining recreation demand broadly, yes.	trips from the l
1.9	Q Okay. I'd like to go through each of these	we may have e
20	studies and have you identify for me what kind of 01:49	I misspoke. It
21	data was used, and let me clarify what I mean by	it was recreation
22	that.	Q Now, for
23	A Sure.	individual dat
24	Q So for each study, I'd like for you to tell me	estimated?
25	whether individual level data was used, zonal data 01:50	A Yes.
	138	
1	or aggregate attendance level data.	Q Now, you
2	A Okay. Or neither.	recreation im
3	Q Fine.	A That's cor
4	A Is that okay?	Q Why not
5	Q That's fine. So let's go through the list, if 01:50	A Why not?
6	we could.	Q Yes.
7	A Sure. The 316(b) study used it used an	A The - I th
8	existing demand equation, is what I recall, and we	were two reaso
9	didn't have any unique data that was collected for	first was the in
10	that study. The creel and angler survey or the 01:51	recreation inte
11	Passaic River survey specifically collected	2000 – the sur
12	household data, collected data from recreators	indicated that
13	within a household, so it was a household survey	Tenkiller Lake
14	screened to get data from recreators. Onondaga Lake	changes based
15	was probably, what I recall, there was no - I don't 01:51	that were aske
16	remember there being any unique data to Onondaga	The sec
17	Lake. There was -1 think it was more of a	that we collect
18	transfer of existing demand functions for that one.	visitation infor
19	Let's see, the next one was Saginaw; is that right?	Engineer lakes
20	Is that the next one on your list? 01:52	that, to me, fu
21	Q Yes.	recreation, par
	I a more and a contract of the	

A That was another transfer where there wasn't

individual data. Lavaca Bay was an angler survey

Montana was a household survey where we screened for 01:52

139

where we collected data on individual anglers.

22

23

24

25

ilar to the Passaic River study. We on recreational use by the household e of a year or longer. Fox River was creen for - I think for anglers, if I rectly, so we started with households 01:52 whether or not people were anglers, and ted data on individual anglers over a nth period. St. Lawrence, household, ers, and I can't remember if it was ators as well or not. Anglers, 01:53 remember, individual level. All elieve we had any individual level f the three oil spills that were re. It was all transfers of one type he Monongahela was too — it was 01:53 el data, where we didn't screen for e collected information on angling households that we did interview, and even - it was more than just angling. was angling and other recreation -01:54 r those studies where you used

ta, was a random utility model

140

01:54

ou did not do a benefits transfer on

npacts on Lake Tenkiller; correct? mect.

t?

7

01:55

think there were - I think there sons for - for not doing one. The information that we gained from the ercept survey that Stratus did in 01:55 immer of 2006. To me, that survey users of the Illinois River and te were not impacted by water quality d on their responses to the questions ed in that survey. 01:55

cond reason -- the second reason was cted the visitation -- obtained the ormation on the various Corps of es from the Corps of Engineers, and urther supported the notion that 01:56 articularly at Tenkiller Lake, was growing substantially. So based on those two things, and to somewhat - the telephone survey, as well, that Stratus did, but primarily the recreation intercept survey, and then the information that we 01:56

1		
1	have on aggregate visitation.	A I went to a lot of them in a couple of days
2	Q I'm trying to get organized here.	so I – Tenkiller, Fort Gibson, Eufaula, Keystone, I
3	A That's all right.	believe. I don't — I don't believe I went to
4	Q Okay. Let me hand you what was marked	Broken Bow, and neither – was it – I can't
5	yesterday at Dr. Rausser's deposition as Exhibits 14 01:57	pronounce, Oologah or Canton Lake, I don't recall 02:01
6	and 15. And these are the fast facts, as they're	those, and Webber Falls, we may have gone to Webber
7	called, that were printed out from the U.S. Army	Falls, I think. And there were a couple of others
8	Corps of Engineer Web site for Tenkiller Lake and	that we went to, as well, but I'm looking — I'm
9	Eufaula Lake relating to recreation in 2006. Now,	looking at the ones that are on this figure here.
10	I'd like for you to direct your attention to the 01:58	Q Which figure? 02:02
11	first table in each exhibit, and in the second	A I'm looking — I'm sorry, I am looking at
12	column in the first row, it identifies the number of	Figure 2.1 on Page 15, and those are, I guess, the
13	visits —	eight most popular that are right there.
14	A Uh-huh.	
15		
16		A Late September of 2008, somewhere in there, 02:02
17	A Yes, I do.	late September or early October, somewhere in that
	Q Can you identify for me the number of visits that are identified for Lake Tenkiller?	ballpark.
18		Q And who accompanied you?
19	A In total?	A On part of the trip, Tim Jones was there, a
20	Q Correct. 01:58	lawyer for Tyson, and Leslie Southerland, a lawyer 02:03
21	A 2,484,234.	who I believe is with this law firm here. She was
22	Q Okay. And then what is the number of visits	with me on the entire trip.
23	in total identified related to Lake Eufaula?	Q And how long did the trip last?
24	A 2,439,782.	A Counting the canoe trip, in two – two very
25	Q So those numbers are pretty close to one 01:59	long days. 02:03
	142	144
1	another, are they not?	Q So your site — your visits to these sites
2	A They are, based on these particular printouts.	were over a two day period?
3	Q And then can you tell me what numbers are	A Yes, they were.
4	identified in terms of swimmers at each lake from	Q How long did you spend at each site?
5	this table? 01:59	A It varied. You know, I spent longer at 02:03
6	A 498.586.	Tenkiller and at — and we floated the Illinois
7	Q For Lake Tenkiller?	River, so I spent longer at those than some of the
8	A Yes, for Lake Tenkiller. Sorry. And 745,353	others. I would say on average, at least an hour to
9	for Eufaula.	an hour and a half, somewhere in that ballpark.
10	Q Then can you identify for me the number of 01:59	Q How many lakes are in your model? 02:04
11	visits for fisherman for each lake?	A What, 20 or so. Let me look and see. Let me
12	A 454,118 at Tenkiller, and 888,813 at Eufaula.	double-check that. Maybe 28. Let me get the exact
13	Q Don't those figures suggest that there is	number. Well, no, okay. 22. Thank you. There it
14	something going on with the water quality at	is.
15	Tenkiller Lake that affects the water quality for 02:00	Q So how many of other lakes that were a part of 02:05
16	both swimming and fishing?	your model that are not a part of Figure 2.1 did you
17	MR. HIXON: Object to form.	visit?
18	A No, I don't believe so.	A There's there's there are a couple, I
19	Q (By Ms. Moll) You're not struck by those	think, you know. We went to quite a few lakes and,
20	numbers? 02:00	you know, we went to a couple that were near Tulsa, 02:05
21	A No, I'm not.	closer to Tulsa than we covered and there were a
22	Q Have you visited any of the sites in the	number that we went to kind of working our way
23	demand model estimated in Chapter 2 of your report?	around - around the area, so I don't remember
24	A Yes, I have.	specifically which ones are on which list.
25	Q Can you identify which ones? 02:01	Q Would that have been a part of that two day - 02:06
	143	145

	Y. 111	
1	A It would have been part of the two day trip,	Q Do you know how the Corps collects the data?
2	yes.	A There's a they have a process that they go
3	Q How long did the float down the Illinois River	through, and I don't recall the specifics of the
4 5	take that you mentioned? A About a half a day is what we spent on it. 02:06	process. What I remember was is they essentially
6	roughly. We had our own – now, we used – we used	used the same process across the sites, is what 1 02:09 recall.
7	a cance from one of the float companies and it was	
8	a cance non one of the non companies and it was about a half a day.	Q And what do you base that statement on?
9	O And did Tim Jones and Leslie Southerland	A From the information of knowing that the Corps of Engineers these are all Corps lakes, and Corps
10	accompany you on the canoe trip? 02:06	tends they manage their lakes in a specific way. 02:10
11	A Yes, they did.	Q I'm just trying to understand —
12	Q Other than Tim Jones and Leslie Southerland,	A Sure.
13	did anyone else accompany you at any point during	Q — your answer.
14	that trip?	A Sure.
15	A Not that I recall. I don't believe so. 02:06	Q So when you say you know that they follow a 02:10
16	Q For the lakes that you identified as having	protocol, how do you know that?
17	visited, did you talk to anyone while you were at	A From looking at the Corps of Engineers' Web
18	each site?	sites and having worked with Corps of Engineers
19	A No, I didn't talk to anyone.	data over you know, starting back in the '80s.
20	Q And your study in Chapter 2 relies on 02:07	Q But can you describe for me the process that 02:10
21	attendance data at lakes in Oklahoma that's	they go through?
22	maintained by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers; is	A 1 don't remember specifically, no, I don't.
23	that right?	Q Do you know whether the Corps counts every
24	A That's correct.	single visitor who sets foot on the lake shoreline?
25	Q And this attendance data covers nonwater-based 02:07	A 1 - 1 don't know whether they do, and I 02:10
	146	148
1	recreation at these lakes, as well as water-based	suspect that — that they — that they also double
2	recreation; correct?	count a lot of people.
3	A It includes – the Corps of Engineers' data	Q Does the Corps cover every single point of
4	includes like camping, for example, those people	access to a lake?
5	would be counted as being in attendance, but someone 02:08	A They cover the major ones, but whether they 02:10
6	who camped may have also fished or swam, as well,	cover every one of them, I suspect that they
7	so – and it includes like picnicking, and those	probably don't, but they focus on the major ones.
8	people may have also fished or swam while they were	Q And do you know whether the Corps covers
9	pienicking, so there are some nonwater-based as well	attendance from 6:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.?
10	as water-based activities in the total amount of 02:08	A I don't recall the specific hours. 02:11
11	visitation, that's right.	Q And are these data from the Corps actual
12	Q Now, is the data based on the number of	counts or are they estimates?
13	visitor days or the number of visitor hours?	A I view all of these as estimates.
14 15	A I would have to go back and check to see whether or not they — whether they split it up by 02:08	MS. MOLL: I think it's time for a tape
16	i whenci of no inev – whence they shift if no by 07:08	change. 02:11
		i A Olass
	hours or days. As I sit here today, I don't recall	A Okay.
17	hours or days. As I sit here today, I don't recall specifically which one it was. For some reason I	VIDEOGRAPHER: We are off the record. The
17 18	hours or days. As I sit here today, I don't recall specifically which one it was. For some reason I think it was visits total. I don't think it was	VIDEOGRAPHER: We are off the record. The time is 2:07 p.m.
17 18 19	hours or days. As I sit here today, I don't recall specifically which one it was. For some reason I think it was visits total. I don't think it was split for hours, but I'd have to go back and check	VIDEOGRAPHER: We are off the record. The time is 2:07 p.m. (Following a short recess at 2:11 p.m.,
17 18 19 20	hours or days. As I sit here today, I don't recall specifically which one it was. For some reason I think it was visits total. I don't think it was split for hours, but I'd have to go back and check to be sure. 02:09	VIDEOGRAPHER: We are off the record. The time is 2:07 p.m. (Following a short recess at 2:11 p.m., proceedings continued on the record at 2:24 p.m.) 02:11
17 18 19 20 21	hours or days. As I sit here today, I don't recall specifically which one it was. For some reason I think it was visits total. I don't think it was split for hours, but I'd have to go back and check to be sure. O2:09 Would that make a difference to your analysis?	VIDEOGRAPHER: We are off the record. The time is 2:07 p.m. (Following a short recess at 2:11 p.m., proceedings continued on the record at 2:24 p.m.) 02:11 VIDEOGRAPHER: We are back on the record.
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17 18 19 20 21 22 23	hours or days. As I sit here today, I don't recall specifically which one it was. For some reason I think it was visits total. I don't think it was split for hours, but I'd have to go back and check to be sure. O2:09 Q Would that make a difference to your analysis? A I don't think so in the sense that it would be across all the sites, the unit — it's the same unit from the same data source across all the sites, so no, I don't think it would make a difference. O2:09	VIDEOGRAPHER: We are off the record. The time is 2:07 p.m. (Following a short recess at 2:11 p.m., proceedings continued on the record at 2:24 p.m.) 02:11 VIDEOGRAPHER: We are back on the record. The time is 2:19 p.m. Q (By Ms. Moll) Dr. Desvousges, before we took a break, we were talking about the data collection by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers; correct? 02:24
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	hours or days. As I sit here today, I don't recall specifically which one it was. For some reason I think it was visits total. I don't think it was split for hours, but I'd have to go back and check to be sure. O2:09 Q Would that make a difference to your analysis? A I don't think so in the sense that it would be across all the sites, the unit — it's the same unit from the same data source across all the sites, so	VIDEOGRAPHER: We are off the record. The time is 2:07 p.m. (Following a short recess at 2:11 p.m., proceedings continued on the record at 2:24 p.m.) 02:11 VIDEOGRAPHER: We are back on the record. The time is 2:19 p.m. Q (By Ms. Moll) Dr. Desvousges, before we took a break, we were talking about the data collection

1	A Vog sugavises	analysts assessting an all Community of All 122 by
1 2	A Yes, we were.	evaluate recreation on all Corps sites in the United
3	Q And my last question to you was, are the data	States, and this is the dataset that they maintain
4	collected by the Corps actual counts or are they	for that purpose. So from their standpoint, they
5	estimates, and I believe your response is they were estimates?	must view these data as being something that they
6		can use for that purpose. 02:27
7	A In my view, I think they are estimates.	Q Okay. Would you please turn to Figure 2.1 in
	Q Okay.	your report, which is on Page 15?
8 9	A And they're — that's the way that I've interpreted them.	A Okay. Page 15?
10	•	Q Correct.
	Q And if they are, in fact, estimates, there 02:24	A I have it. 02:27
11 12	must be a margin of error; correct?	Q Okny. I'd specifically like to direct your
	A I – every – every estimate would have some error associated with it.	attention to what this figure represents in terms of
13		Lake Eufaula.
14	Q And do you know what the margin of error is	A Uh-huh.
1.5	for Lake Tenkiller? 02:24	Q Between the years 2002 and 2005? 02:28
16	A No. I don't know what it is for any of	A Between 2002?
17	these – any of these sites. I'm – my view is is	Q Yes.
18	that we've got the same data collection that's going	A And 2005?
19	on,	Q Yes.
20	Q And isn't it likely that the margin of error 02:25	A Yeah. 02:28
21	in counting visitation is proportional to the total	Q Okay.
22	attendance?	A All right.
23	A I don't know if that's necessarily the case.	Q In your professional opinion, why did
24	I think that there - it could increase with	visitation at Lake Eufaula, as estimated by the
25	attendance, but it could also be a function of the 02:25	Corps of Engineers, decrease by approximately 1.75 02:28
	150	152
1	materia a Fish a satisfist on the sate of the sate of	777 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
1 2	nature of the activities that take place. It could	million between those years 2002 and 2005?
3	be a function of the — just the physical layout of the lake itself.	A Well, that was the reason one of the
4		reasons why we estimated the models to try to understand what were the factors that were
5		ŧ
6	to the total attendance, that would make the 02:25 attendance data beteroskedastic; correct?	influencing recreational uses. I do know that there 02:28 were some issues at Eufaula for a couple of years
7	A It would have – yes, it would, it would make	related to lake levels and fluctuation in lake
8	it heteroskedastic.	‡
9	Q And did you test for heteroskedasticity on the	levels, and fluctuation in lake levels, Eufaula was
10	econometric model you estimated? 02:26	more subject to those kinds of fluctuations than some of the other lakes, and it wouldn't surprise me 02:28
11	A I don't recall whether we did or not. I know	some of the other lakes, and it wouldn't surprise me 02:28 that some of that decline over that period of time
12	that we used the log form of the – of the dependent	was due to some fluctuating lake levels, and that's
13	variable.	one of the reasons why we put that variable in the
14	Q Now, heteroskedasticity would affect the	aggregate visitation model that we estimated.
15	estimation; correct? 02;26	Q Do you know if there was any change in water 02:29
16	A Well, it depends on what it is that you're	quality at Lake Eufaula between 2002 and 2005?
17	using the estimation for.	A Well, I'd have to I don't recall
18	Q Now, if there were significant errors in the	specifically for Eufaula during that period as to
19	Corps' attendance data, that could invalidate your	what was going on there. I focused — I focused
20	econometric analysis in Chapter 2, couldn't it? 02:26	more on Tenkiller than I did on Eufaula for that 02:29
21	A Well, significant errors may be present in	particular question.
22	almost any data. I think the thing that — you	Q Did you measure water quality at these lakes?
23	know, what I do know is that these data were	A I didn't, but we had measures of water
24	provided by the Institute for Water Resources at the	quality. And maybe — we measured water clarity is
25	Corps of Engineers, and they are the people who 02:27	what we measured. That was the variable water 02:30
	151	153
		39 (Pages 150 to 153)

1	form, and as you can see, I've clipped three parts	within this exhibit?
2	together —	A Let me be clear in terms of like the water
3	A Yes.	quality data in here on mean clarity and minimum
4	Q — it all came from the same spreadsheet. The	clarity and maximum clarity, those data came also, I
5	first page represents the Excel spreadsheet tab that 02:37	believe, in a spreadsheet from the Oklahoma Water 02:40
6	was labeled visitation.	Resources Board or commission, Oklahoma Water
7	A Yes.	Resources – I think it's commission.
8	Q The second grouping, which is Pages 2 through	Q Board.
9	4, represent the tab labeled data, and the final	A Board. Did I have it right the first time?
10	five pages represent the tab labeled lake levels, 02:38	Okay. So they provided those data over those years, 02:40
11	okay?	and, you know, my guess is is that once they
12	A Yes, I see that.	provided that information, they were just copied
13	Q Okay. Do you recognize this spreadsheet?	into — into the same spreadsheet. The other data
14	A I certainly recognize the first page, and I	was probably – was probably entered by Holly
15	don't know that I ever printed out the sprendsheet 02:38	herself. 02:41
16	in this particular form and looked at it like this,	Q Okay. So just so I understand, the
17	but this looks to me to be the data that would have	information relating to the variables, starting with
18	been used in the analysis.	lake level and going through shoreline, would have
19	Q Okay. Who did the data entry in this	been entered by your staff; is that right?
20	document? 02:38	A That's – that's my – that's my suspicion, 02:41
21	A Holly Michael. Well, let's be – let me not	yes.
22	overspeak. This came from the Corps? Q Well, this came out of your considered	Q Okay. And then if you look at the third group
23 24	Q Well, this came out of your considered materials.	of documents in this exhibit, this was the tab
25	A Okay, understood, understood, my considered 02:39	A Uh-huh. 02:41
2.3	158	160
		100
1	materials, but they provided us with this	Q Do you recognize this?
2	spreadsheet. So there was no data entry. We had an	A I don't know that I ever looked at the exact
3	Excel spreadsheet that came from the Corps of	level data, but I presume that that's what this is.
4	Engineers. This is that Excel — this is just a	It was used in the calculation of the lake level
5	page from that Excel spreadsheet, so there was no 02:39	variable that's in the model. 02:41
6	data entry associated with this one at all.	Q Is it your understanding that your staff would
7	Q Okay, thank you.	have entered this data in this third section of the
8	A Sure.	exhibit?
9	Q And then if you turn to the second group, the	A The data – I don't know whether it was
10	one relating to the tab that was labeled data? 02:39	actually physically hard entered or whether it was 02:42
11	A Uh-huh.	gotten in a file form off of the Corps' Web site or
12	Q Do you recognize that document?	exactly what, so somehow or another it came - it
13	A The one that that's I think this is the	got into this particular format. It may have been
14	one that I said earlier that this looks to be the	hand entered or it may have been taken off the Web.
15	variables that would have been in the — in the 02:39	Q Okay. I think you testified earlier, and I 02:42
16	model.	believe it is reflected in your report, that you
17	Q I'm sorry, I couldn't hear you.	used 22 lakes in the regression model?
18	A Yeah, I don't look — I don't recognize it in	A I believe that's correct, yes.
19	this form, but these are the variables that were	Q Okay. Looking at this exhibit, can you
20	included in the model, so I'm assuming these are the 02:40	confirm that that's correct? 02:42
21	data.	A I believe that's correct. There were – there
22	Q So this would have been — the tab would have been something that your staff generated?	were some of the lakes that we did not use, and —
23 24	A Yes, that's correct.	okay. Okay. There are more sites—there's more
24 25	i i	than 22 on this page from the Corps of Engineers. 1
~3	1 O Okay. And then what about the third arouning 82.40	I think there's 27 or 28 1 think my counting or 62-43
	Q Okay. And then what about the third grouping 02:40	think there's 27 or 28, 1 think, my counting or 02:43

1	hatanan hutua wa amani ia tha anna da hana anna	d.an Watta atta etta e
1 2	whatever, but as we say in the report here, we use the 22 Corps of Engineer lakes in Oklahoma that have	that? We think we think that might be Broken Bow?
3	the data on the lake levels, so we had some of the	
4		Q Well, am I correct that the second column of
5	lakes that are on this first page that we didn't have lake level data for, so we did not include 02:44	the second portion of this exhibit where it has the
6	have lake level data for, so we did not include 02:44 those in the model. I don't know if that answers	lake and then they're numbered 1 through 27? 02:48
	···········	A Uh-huh,
7	your question or not.	Q That those numbers correspond with the order
8	Q You'll have to forgive me.	in which the lakes are identified on the first page
9	A Sure,	of this exhibit?
10	Q If you will turn to the second portion of this 02:45	A That's correct, that's my understanding, too. 02:48
11	exhibit and help me get to how you used 22 lakes,	Q Okny.
12	understanding that you used those lakes for which	A And I — and if Broken Bow is the third one,
13	you had lake level information.	then I'm pretty sure that Broken Bow was included in
14	A Okay.	the analysis during that — yeah, and I'd have to go
15	Q According to your earlier response. 02:45	back and look and see for sure, but I'm pretty sure 02:49
16	A All right. I have not looked at this	that it was.
17	spreadsheet in this way. Okay. So this is going to	Q So by my calculation, even if Broken Bow were
18	take me – okay. The – okay. The lakes – the	included, and we're not sure that it was, I only get
19	lakes are numbered - oops. The lakes, if we look	to 21. So I'm trying to understand how many lakes
20	at the second column, the lakes are, you know, Lake 02:45	were, in fact, used in the model. 02:49
21	1, Lake 2, Lake 3, Lake 4, Lake 5, and so you can	A All right. 1, 2, 3, 4 – 1, 2, 3, 4 – okay.
22	see that when you get to Lake 5, there's no data on	Clearly 5 was not not included. Oh, I shouldn't
23	Lake 5 other than visitation data, so Lake 5 was not	be marking on the Exhibit, should 1? 1'm sorry. 5
24	used. We go over here to Lake 16, whatever that is	was not included. There's no data on 5, so we're
25	on the list, that is not used. Lake 18 is not used. 02:46	pretty sure that that one was not in there. Lake 02:50
	162	164
1	Lake 20 is not used. Lake 24 is not used. Lake 26	16, there's no data, so that's two. Lake 18,
2	is not used, so I didn't - I didn't count the	there's no data, that's three. There's no data on
3	number of ones that were not used. I'm sorry, one,	24, so that's four, so that takes us from 27 to 23;
4	two, three	is that correct? And I suspect that the other one
5	Q Dr. Desvousges – 02:46	that's not included is Lake 20, so that would be 02:51
6	A Four, five.	five.
7	Q If I could ask you one question first.	Q I don't want to spend any more time on this,
8	A Sure.	but I think we're doing our math differently. I'm
9	Q Going back to Lake No. 3.	still not getting to 22.
10	A Sure. 02:47	A Well, I thought - okay. I thought I tried to 02:51
11	Q This spreadsheet reflects lake level	subtract 5 from 27, and that should get us 22.
12	information for years 2000 to 2003, but not 2004	Q Let's just close the circle.
13	through 2007, so would that have been a lake that	A Sure.
14	was included?	Q From what I can tell from the second part of
15	A I – let me see, one, – I don't know 02:47	this exhibit, there is no data reported here for 02:51
1.6	specifically. Two, three, four, five. It looks	lake levels for part of Lake 3, and we're not sure
17	like it's possible that that one was included and	whether that was included, for Lake 5, Lake 16?
18	that there was some - I'd have to go back and look	A Right.
19	and see, I'm not sure. But clearly, you know, we	Q Lake 18?
20	know that some of these are not included because 02:48	A Right. 02:52
21	there's complete blanks in there.	Q Lake 20?
22	Q As you sit here today, you're not sure about	A Yes.
23	Lake 3?	O Lake 24 and Lake 26?
24	A I'm not sure about Lake 3, as to whether or	A Right. But just because there is some data
25	not – whether or not Lake 3 was included. What is 02:48	that's not – not there doesn't mean that it wasn't 02;52
	163	165

1	necessarily included in the analysis. Now, clearly	metric they use is person trips.
2	the ones that have no data, we can agree on those.	Q Okay.
3	and I'd have to go back and look at the others to	A Yes.
4	know for sure how they were treated.	Q All right. So looking at Lake Tenkiller.
5	Q Now, do you know whether the missing data from 02:52	A Uh-huh. 02:57
6	the second part of this exhibit for Lake No. 3,	Q I think we talked about earlier that for
7	Broken Bow, exists?	purposes of the second portion of the exhibit, the
8	A In terms of the let's see, for Broken Bow.	lake numbers correspond to how they appear on the
9	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	What's not there are campsites, boat ramps, beaches;	first page; correct?
10	is that right? Am I looking at that correctly? 02:53	A I – that's my suspicion. Okay. 02:57
11	Q Correct.	Q Okay.
12	A And then there are some years in which lake	A But I – well, I mean, yeah, we could – we
13	levels are missing.	could confirm that.
14	Q Do you know whether that data is available?	Q So looking at the first page, Lake Tenkiller
15	A I don't know. 02:53	would be lake No. 23; correct? 02:58
16	Q Do you know anything about the water clarity	A That's what I was going to check. Yes.
17	at Broken Bow?	Q Okay. So then turning to the second part of
18	A It's good. If I recall correctly, it's the	the exhibit.
19	highest in the sample.	A Uh-huh.
20	Q Now, assuming the missing data in the table 02:53	Q And turn with me to Lake No. 23. 02:58
21	for Broken Bow is available and it shows that Broken	A I'm looking at it.
22	Bow has bigh water clarity, couldn't including it in	Q Okay. Now, the first column of this portion
23	your analysis have affected your results?	of the exhibit is labeled visits; do you see that?
24	A Well, I I believe it was included, so I	A 1 do see that.
25	certainly — so 1 think it's reflected in there, but 02:54 1.66	Q Okay. So looking at Lake No. 23 for the year 02:59
1 2 3 4	I would have to go back and double-check to see exactly what was done with those missing observations, because it's possible that — I just don't know in terms of that. But I do recall	2000, the number of visits that's reported on this part of the exhibit is 818,522? A Yes. Q Which corresponds with the first page of the
5	specifically that the - Broken Bow had the highest 02:54	exhibit; correct? 02:59
6	water clarity levels, and Tenkiller Lake had the	A Yes, it does.
7	second highest in the sample.	Q So can we correctly assume that Lake Tenkiller
B	Q But as you sit here today, you don't know for	is Lake No. 23?
9	sure whether Broken Bow was included in the model?	A I think we can.
10	A No, I don't remember, I do not. 02:54	Q Okay. So if you go back to the first page of 02:59
11	Q Okay. Bear with me for a moment.	this exhibit, can you tell me what the number of
12	A Sure.	visits were for Lake Tenkiller in 2007 as reported
13	Q Let's stick with the same exhibit.	by the Corps?
14	A Okay. Exhibit 5?	A Yes, and the number that's in the second
1.5	Q Yes, please. Okay. And the first page of 02:56	spreadsheet is wrong. It dropped a — it dropped a 02:59
16	this exhibit, as I mentioned before, was from an	digit.
17	Excel spreadsheet where the tab was labeled	Q So the number of visits?
18	visitation.	A Was higher than what's in the second
19	A Yes.	spreadsheet.
20	Q So is my understanding correct that the 02:56	Q So as reported by the Corps - 02:59
21	columns go by year from 2000 to 2007, and then the	A It's 2924047.
22	numbers indicated for each lake represent the number	Q And as entered in the second part of the
23	of visits reported by the U.S. Army Corps of	exhibit?
24	Engineers?	A It's 294047, so there is a significant digit
25	A Yes, visits measured in terms of, I think the 02:57	missing. 03:00
	167	169

1 2	Q Do you know how an error like that could happen?	Q And do you know who prepared this file?
3		A Holly Michael.
		Q And do you know how the data was entered into
4	copied over from one place to the other.	this data file?
5	Q Now, you ran the recreation with the number of 03:00	A My assumption is that it was brought in from 03:05
6	visits for Lake Tenkiller in 2002 set to 294,047;	this combination of these spreadsheets here.
7	isn't that-right?	Q Do you know whether any kind of checking would
8	A That would be my guess if that — if that	have occurred prior to its use in the regression
9	mistake was not corrected before the model was run.	model to confirm its accuracy?
10	So it would have underestimated visitation for that 03:00	A The it was checked, but the mistake is 03:05
11	last year.	still in here in terms of Tenkiller Lake for the
12	Q Now, before we just went over this exhibit,	last year.
13	were you aware of this error?	Q And who would have checked it?
14	A No, I was not, and I – you know, I'm not sure	A Holly would have checked it, and I don't know
15	whether it was caught in terms of when the analysis 03:01	whether she asked someone else to double-check it or 03:05
16	was done or not, but if it was not, then it's	not.
17	underestimated visitation for that last year on	Q Now, what role did the lake depth variable
18	Tenkiller.	play in your model?
19	Q Okay. Do you know how this error impacted the	A It was one of the independent variables that
20	significance of the mean clarity variable? 03:01	we included in the model. 03:06
21	A No. I don't.	Q Am I correct then that the lake depth data
22	Q And what do you think would happen to the	that appears here should correspond with the lake
23	parameter on mean clarity if you reran the	· · ·
24	regression with the 294,047 replaced by the correct	depth data produced by the Army Corps of Engineers?
25	number, which is almost 10 times larger? 03:01	A I'm not sure what was done with the lake depth
ZJ	170	data here as to what transformation was done, as to 03:07
	TIV	172
1	A I don't know. I mean, we'd have to there	
2	are a lot of sites here in which there are mean	what's being used here relative to the — this
3	clarity readings for that year, there's 20 sites, so	appears to be different — it appears to be different data.
4	I'd have to run it to see what difference it would	
5	make. I can't speculate. 03:02	Q Do you know where the lake depth data came
6	Q But as you sit here today, you don't know –	from? 03:07
7	A 1 don't know.	A I'm assuming it still came from the Corps of
8	Q — what difference it would make?	Engineers, but
9	A No, I don't.	Q Do you know that to be true?
10	·	A I don't know that to be true. I'd have to
11	Q Dr. Desvousges, I'm handing you what's been 03:02 marked as Exhibit 6.	verify that, 03:07
12		Q Let me hand you Exhibit 7, which is a printout
	A Should I clip 5 back together?	from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' Web site
13 14	Q Yes, please. And I can represent that Exhibit 6 was produced in your considered materials.	relating to Lake Tenkiller.
		A Uh-huh.
15	A Okay. 03:04	Q And if you go down in Exhibit No. 6 — 03:08
16	Q And the electronic file name was	A Uh-huh.
17	DesvousgesRausser002861-OKvisitation.DTA.	Q - to Lake 23.
18	A Okay.	A Okay.
19	Q Do you recognize this document?	Q Which we agreed before was Lake Tenkiller?
20	A I've not looked at this one before, but I'm 03:04	A That's correct. 03:08
21	looking at it now. Okay.	Q And you look over at the column for lake depth
22	Q Do you know what role this document served in	relating to Lake No. 23, that number is 632;
23	your regression model?	correct?
24	A It's the data file that the regression was run	A That's correct, that's what it appears.
25	on. 03:05	Q And then looking at Exhibit 7, if you look in 03:08
	171	173

1	the left-hand column, the second set of information	A No. Excuse me. 1 just got water on the
2	there, it says, normal elevation at the top of the	exhibit. I'm sorry. I included a distance variable
3	conservation pool 632 feet; do you see that?	from the Tulsa metropolitan or the nearest
4	A 1 do see that.	metropolitan area, which in most of these instances
5	Q Do you assume that that's the number that is 03:09	was Tulsa, and I didn't transform that into - I 03:12
6	captured in the lake depth column on Exhibit 6?	used distances as an indicator of — at least as a
7	A That's – that would be my understanding.	scaler for how far people would have to travel, and
8	Q Then let me hand you what's been marked as	you could certainly multiply that times a travel
9	Exhibit 8.	cost estimate to make it into a price, but I was
10	A Okay. 03:09	interested in getting something in there that 03:13
11	Q Which is the same kind of printout from the	indicated the fact that some of these were different
12	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, but which relates to	distances from where people lived.
13	Fort Supply Lake.	Q Dr. Desvousges, when you have data over
1.4	A Okay. Do do you know what number Fort	multiple lakes and multiple years, is there a name
15	Supply Lake is? 03:10	for that type of data? 03:13
16	Q Well, looking at Exhibit 5.	A Multiple lakes and multiple – cross-section
17	A Okay, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9.	time series or panel data, it's called different
18	Q Correct.	things.
19	A Do we think it's 9?	Q When you have panel data, does the literature
20	Q So if we agree that Fort Supply Lake is Lake 03:10	recommend certain types of models to estimate? 03:14
21	No. 9.	A It really depends on the purpose of what
22	A Uh-huh.	you're trying to do.
23	Q And we go over to the lake depth variable on	Q What kinds of models does the literature
24	Exhibit 6, the lake depth for Lake No. 9 is	recommend?
25	indicated as zero; correct? 03:10	A It really depends on — it depends on what 03:14
	174	176
1	A That's correct.	
2	Q And according to Exhibit No. 8, which is the	your purpose is. Q Which metropolitan center was used to
3	document from the Corps, the lake depth is indicated	calculate distance for which lake?
4	as 2,004 feet; correct?	A I know Tulsa was the main one. I'd have to
5	A Yes, at the normal conservation for for May 03:10	I'd have to double-check to see if some of the other 03:14
6	of'09.	lakes – it was the nearest one, and Tulsa, for a
7	Q Do you have any understanding as to why	lot of those lakes, is still the nearest one, but
В	Exhibit 6 would reflect a lake depth of zero for	I'd have to double-check that to see whether Tulsa
9	Fort Supply Lake?	was the nearest one for all of them. I think for a
10	A No, I don't. 03:11	couple of them, Dallas may have actually been closer 03:15
11	Q Do you know whether you would get a	than Tulsa
12	significant coefficient on water clarity if that	Q And is that indicated in the data?
13	were corrected?	A In terms of the distances indicated.
14	A No, I don't.	Q Okay. Although the distance may be there,
15	Q So prior to our going through Exhibit 6, were 03:11	does the data reflect which metropolitan area for 03:15
16	you aware of the error?	which lake?
17	A Well, at this point, I would want to make sure	A I don't know that it does.
18	that this is particularly in error. 1 the other	Q Did you estimate a fixed effects model here?
19	one clearly is in error. This I'm not sure about.	A I'm not exactly sure how we would class —
20	I'd have to double-check this one. 03:11	this is just a simple regression model is all we 03:16
21	Q But as you sit here right now, you're not	were trying to do, was to relate the log of visits
22	sure?	to various variables, and we looked at we looked
23	A I'm not sure.	at whether there was effects — any effects
24	Q Did you include a price variable in your	associated with years by looking at different year
25	model? 03:12	variables in there, and that was – that was the 03:16

then are able to -- they then measure how far down they can go, I think, and still be able to see the disk, or something along those lines. So it's a way of trying to get at clarity.

Q So it's your understanding that Secchi disk 03:40 readings were taken at different parts of the lake?

A It was taken at — I'm pretty sure that we had readings at all the different stations, so let's just talk about Tenkiller. We had readings for all of those. We used then the average reading for those stations, and then we used the average for across the summer months.

Q Are Secchi disk readings at any given lake taken at different points in time?

5 A I'm not sure.

03:40

Q So you don't know whether certain protocol was followed in terms of time of day?

A Oh, in terms of time of day? I'm not sure what — these were the stations that the Oklahoma Water Resources Board, their monitoring stations, we 03:41 simply used there. I don't recall the times in which those readings were taken at the different stations.

Q Now, for the lakes that you included in your regression analysis, do you know what are the parts 03:41

or specific individuals, so what we're trying to do
then is to essentially try to come up with something
that's going to at least capture, on average, what
would people — what would people experience in
terms of clarity based on these readings, and then 03:43
we also used the minimum and the maximum as well,
clarity levels, as alternative specifications.

Q How meaningful for recreation visitation is an average of Secchi readings over different parts of the lake? 03:43

A Well, I think it basically gives you what's going on on average throughout the lake. And so to the extent that recreation is taking place, you know, throughout the lake of different activities and the like, then it will — then it will represent 03:43 on average what people would see.

Q And what if it includes parts of the lake that most visitors do not go to?

A Well, if it includes parts of the lake that they don't go to, then those – those would not be 03:44 particularly relevant for – you know, for users.

Q Do you know in your regression whether Secchi readings were taken from the various lakes in areas where visitors do not go?

A I don't know exactly what the protocol is that 03:44 184

of the lake where Secchi disk readings are taken?

A You know, I don't recall specifically. You know, it was wherever the monitoring stations were that it — the Water Resources Board had monitoring stations and where they did those readings, so we used whatever stations that they had where they did those readings.

Q And did you make any attempt to find out where those locations were?

A Well, for Tenkiller, specifically, I looked at 03:41 geographically where they were dispersed throughout the lake.

Q What about the remaining lakes in the regression?

A I'm trying to remember. I looked at Eufaula, 03:42 and I don't know that I looked at the others. I looked at those two in particular.

Q How meaningful for recreation visitation is an average of Secchi readings over different times of day and night? 03:42

A Well, an average is an indicator of what you would find on average at this lake over the course of the summer. That's basically — because we're — we're dealing with an aggregate visitation here. We don't have visitation by specific times of the day 03:42

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the Water Resources Board uses. My assumption is is that they're - they're probably going to be taking them more likely at places where people are - are there or at places that they're concerned about water clarity. I mean, you can imagine different 03:44 rationales that people would have for locating monitoring stations. I don't know exactly what theirs were, but certainly one of those rationales could be that this is where people are, and so you want to capture that. It could be also that they 03:45 may place those monitors in places where the water quality is the worst, and so they're trying to capture - to get more readings there than maybe in other parts of the lake where it's better. So I don't know what strategy they used, but you can 03:45 imagine there could be different reasons that they would use for locating monitors.

Q But as you sit here today, you don't know?

A I don't know what the strategy was. All I did was to look at where they were located throughout 03:45 the – throughout the lake.

Q How did you use the 8:00 a.m. and 12:00 midnight readings in the Corps of Engineer data on lake depth to calculate your lake level variables?

A I don't recall the specifics of the lake depth 03:45

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1	calculations.	that I contributed to that discussion, maybe that's
2	Q I'd like to turn briefly to Chapter 3 and the	the clearest way to try to put it, and, you know, we
3	hedonic model.	talked about some other possible lakes and different
4	A Okay.	tradeoffs with using different lakes and the
5	Q Can you just describe for me your role in the 03:46	advantage of Eufaula relative to some of the other 03:49
6	hedonic model that's described in Chapter 3 of your	lakes that we had talked about.
7	report?	Q And why did you conclude that Lake Eufaula was
8	A I think I talked about this a little bit this	an appropriate lake to use in the hedonic model?
9	morning, but I'll be happy to try to do it again.	A Yeah, well, I think there you know, there
10	My role associated with the hedonic model was to 03:46	were several reasons that, you know, that we decided 03:49
11	contribute to the discussion and selection of a	to to end up going with Eufaula. One was that it
12	reference or benchmark site, to use Dr. Rausser's	was also a Corps of Engineers lake so it's subject
13	term. I reviewed the – we also discussed the	to the same management practices and the like that
14	overall plan for what was going to be done and	Lake Tenkiller is. Secondly they are both manmade
15	what – how we were going to try to do it in terms 03:47	lakes. I think they were relatively close in terms 03:50
16	of looking at different distances and things like	of their distance, particularly from Tulsa, and the
17	that, that was kind of something we talked through,	activities that are supported in terms of this broad
18	and then I reviewed some of the statistical results	suite of activities are pretty comparable between
19	as the model was being estimated, and then I	the two lakes. And then we – we knew that Eufaula,
20	reviewed the – I reviewed the write-up and edited 03:47	the northern and western portions of Eufaula, were 03:50
21	the write-up of that discussion, as well.	not considered to be impacted by poultry operations,
22	When was it decided that a hedonic model would	so that was certainly a factor in the consideration, as well.
23	be done?	<i>1/-11</i>
24 25	A It was something that we had been talking	
23	about probably from – probably from the first of 03:47	information gathering regarding Lake Eufaula for 03:51
	100	100
1	March on, that Gordon and I may have had a	purposes of the hedonic model?
1 2	March on, that Gordon and I may have had a conversation or two even before that in terms of	purposes of the hedonic model? A Could you could you clarify for me a little
	conversation or two even before that in terms of	<u> </u>
2	·	A Could you could you clarify for me a little
2 3	conversation or two even before that in terms of whether — whether or not we would try to do	A Could you could you clarify for me a little bit more what you mean by that? Could you give me a
2 3 4	conversation or two even before that in terms of whether — whether or not we would try to do something, and I seem to recall that back in	A Could you could you clarify for me a little bit more what you mean by that? Could you give me a little bit more context for information gathering
2 3 4 5	conversation or two even before that in terms of whether — whether or not we would try to do something, and I seem to recall that back in February when we didn't know that we had that whole 03:48	A Could you could you clarify for me a little bit more what you mean by that? Could you give me a little bit more context for information gathering and for the hedonic model purposes? It's a little 03:51
2 3 4 5 6	conversation or two even before that in terms of whether — whether or not we would try to do something, and I seem to recall that back in February when we didn't know that we had that whole 03:48 extra month, that we purposely decided that at that	A Could you could you clarify for me a little bit more what you mean by that? Could you give me a little bit more context for information gathering and for the hedonic model purposes? It's a little 03:51 broad for me to be able to answer.
2 3 4 5 6 7	conversation or two even before that in terms of whether — whether or not we would try to do something, and I seem to recall that back in February when we didn't know that we had that whole extra month, that we purposely decided that at that juncture, we weren't going to try to do something, then we got the extra month and then we started talking about, okay, is this something that we want	A Could you could you clarify for me a little bit more what you mean by that? Could you give me a little bit more context for information gathering and for the hedonic model purposes? It's a little 03:51 broad for me to be able to answer. Q Let me rephrase it.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	conversation or two even before that in terms of whether — whether or not we would try to do something, and I seem to recall that back in February when we didn't know that we had that whole extra month, that we purposely decided that at that juncture, we weren't going to try to do something, then we got the extra month and then we started	A Could you could you clarify for me a little bit more what you mean by that? Could you give me a little bit more context for information gathering and for the hedonic model purposes? It's a little 03:51 broad for me to be able to answer. Q Let me rephrase it. A Thank you.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	conversation or two even before that in terms of whether — whether or not we would try to do something, and I seem to recall that back in February when we didn't know that we had that whole extra month, that we purposely decided that at that juncture, we weren't going to try to do something, then we got the extra month and then we started talking about, okay, is this something that we want	A Could you could you clarify for me a little bit more what you mean by that? Could you give me a little bit more context for information gathering and for the hedonic model purposes? It's a little 03:51 broad for me to be able to answer. Q Let me rephrase it. A Thank you. Q Did anyone on your staff, for purposes of the
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	conversation or two even before that in terms of whether — whether or not we would try to do something, and I seem to recall that back in February when we didn't know that we had that whole 03:48 extra month, that we purposely decided that at that juncture, we weren't going to try to do something, then we got the extra month and then we started talking about, okay, is this something that we want to try to do and how would we then try to go about 03:48 doing it. So probably sometime in March we — and then there was probably a final decision made	A Could you could you clarify for me a little bit more what you mean by that? Could you give me a little bit more context for information gathering and for the hedonic model purposes? It's a little 03:51 broad for me to be able to answer. Q Let me rephrase it. A Thank you. Q Did anyone on your staff, for purposes of the hedonic model, attempt to gather information about various characteristics of the communities around Lake Eufaula?
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1	These walls are a few the second that Dr. Dr. Dr	A There was Caller to her it was an Acros Garage
1 2	Those really came from the work that Dr. Rausser and his staff did.	A Thank you, Colin, he has it up on top for us.
3		Oh, it's Exhibit 1. Good man. Okay. Okay. I
	Q Now, you mentioned that you received the	guess I need for you to clarify for me how broadly
4	visitor's guide for Lake Eufaula. Do you remember	you want to use the term hedonic.
5	reviewing it? 03:52	Q Well, how do you define the term hedonic? 03:56
6	A Briefly, yes, I did look at it.	A Well, I think you used that on me this
7	Q And what information do you recall from that	morning. Let me just be clear. There are - there
В	visitor's guide as impacting your decision to use	are some studies that are true hedonic studies.
9	Lake Eufaula in the hedonic model?	There are other studies that are variations on
10	A I think certainly the main things were a 03:53	hedonic studies, and then there's yet a third group 03:56
11	confirmation of the types of activities that were	that are based on hedonic principles that use repeat
12	there that we knew from the Corps data, but some	sales, so they're similar in a lot of ways to
13	discussion was found and actually some photographs	hedonics, but you don't use the same characteristics
14	and things like that of different portions of	because you've got the repeats that are going on
15	Eufaula. 03:53	there. So 1 — 03:57
16	Q Do you recall whether that guide reported	Q I don't want to talk over you.
17	there being a casino near Lake Eufaula?	A That's fine.
18	A I – there are – I don't specifically	Q With that breakdown in mind, if you could go
19	remember a casino there. I do know that there are a	through and identify for me those pieces of
20	number of casinos that are spread throughout the 03:53	litigation in which you have worked on a model that 03:57
21	area there. There may very well have been some	falls under any of the three categories that you
22	mention of a casino.	described.
23	Q Do you know whether there's a casino near Lake	A Okay, thank you. All right. I'm sorry, I
24	Eufaula?	need to ask you another clarifying question. Do you
25	A I believe that there is. 03:54	also do you only include ones that I myself 03:58
23	190	192
	*.	+ > 4
		₽
1	O But you did not make the casing or a distance	developed versus a bedonic model that was done by
1 2	Q But you did not make the casino or a distance from the casino a variable in your bedonic model:	developed versus a hedonic model that was done by
2	from the casino a variable in your bedonic model;	the other side?
2 3	from the casino a variable in your bedonic model; correct?	the other side? Q Just one that was developed by you.
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1	Q Uh-huh.	A Okay. Repeat sales was done in the Palmisano
2	A We can go past all the ASARCO cases and	and Daniels case —
3	okay. This would be the - it's - I'm sorry to say	Q Okay.
4	what page I'm on. I'm on expert reports, the one	A — in San Martin —
5	where the last ASARCO one kind of appears. 1 think 04:01	Q Okay. 04:04
6	you're on the same page, where the last ASARCO one	A versus Olin.
7	appears at the top. If you go down to, one, two,	Q Okay.
8	three, four, five up from the bottom, The Palmisano,	A I'm sorry.
9	et al versus Olin; do you see that? Are we on the	Q Before we took a break, we went through some
10	same page? 04:01	of the documents relating to the recreation 04:04
11	Q I don't believe we are, no.	regression that you did?
12	A And I'm sorry.	A Yes, we did.
13	Q Okay. I'm with you now.	Q And in those documents, there appeared to be
14	A Are you with me now? There was both a	some errors; correct?
15		•
16	supplemental report in that case and then there was 04:01	A One for sure, and one that I'm not sure about. 04:04
	a full report in that case. The Daniels, et al	Q During the break, did you contact anyone to
17	versus Olin, there — there were two different	inquire about those errors?
18	plaintiffs' firms that were represent – excuse me,	A No, I did not.
19	representing different groups of plaintiffs for the	Q Okay. If you'd turn with me in your report to
20	same incident, and this involved a groundwater 04:01	Page 76, please. Do you have that in front of you? 04:05
21	contamination in the San Martin area, which is	A Yes, I do.
22	south – south of San Jose, and this is one where we	Q Okay. And I would like to direct your
23	had repeat sales data in both the subject area, as	attention first to Table 4.9.
24	defined by the plaintiffs, and then we had three	A Uh-huh.
25	reference or benchmark areas that were not on the 04:02	Q Can you tell me who prepared Table 4.9? 04:05
	194	196
-		
1	same – not on the same water supply that were	A The – probably myself and Kristi Mathews.
2	located nearby. I think those are the cases that -	Q Probably or do you know?
3	where I actually did an analysis at my own model or	A Kristi did the first version of the table, and
4	data, data analysis.	then I went back through and then had her modify it
5	Q Now, were any of the cases that you've just 04:02	to put everything in the same nearest dollars. 04:06
6	identified - withdrawn. My question is, in each of	Q Can you explain that last answer to me?
7	the cases that you've just identified, who were the	A Sure.
8	parties on whose behalf you were doing the hedonic	Q In terms of which figures you're specifically
9	model, the plaintiffs or the defendants?	referring to.
10	A Okay. For each one of those? 04:03	A Well, yeah, the mean values now are all 04:06
11	Q Yes, please.	expressed in – if you look at the footnote to the
12	A I can simplify that.	table, it says, mean values are expressed in 2008
13	Q Okay.	dollars for all four studies. So the original
14	A Okay. The plaintiffs' case – the only one	version of the table, I seem to recall, had the
15	that's a plaintiff's case is the Dataw Island case, 04:03 the others are defendants.	dollars for the years in which the studies were 04:06
16	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	conducted, and so I standardized that to where it
17	Q Now, earlier you were telling me there were	was the same across all four years.
18	three kind of categories of hedonic models.	Q But the figures reflected relating to bid
19	A Uh-huh.	range are not in 2008 —
20	Q Can you identify for me in each case which 04:03	A That's correct, just the mean values. 04:07
21	category you would put	Q And who did the calculation on the mean values
22	A I tried to do it as I went through it.	to arrive at what is reported in the footnote as
23	Q Okay.	2008 dollars?
24	A But I	A Kristi Mathews took the means from each one of
25	Q Forgive me, I didn't hear repeat sales. 04:03	the sources that are indicated here and then put 04:07
	195	197

1	those into 2008 dollars, so that as you can see, the	A Uh-huh.
2	numbers are taken from different studies, is what	Q The bid range numbers are the actual bids used
3	the note indicates, and so what we then did was to	in the corresponding study?
4	take those means and turn them all into 2008	A Yes, that's correct.
5	dollars. 04:07	Q Okay. So am I correct that the, for example, 04:10
6	Q Would you read for me the paragraph above the	10 to \$120 range for Exxon Valdez, that would be in,
7	table that begins Table 4.9 comparison?	say, 1990 dollars or whatever that study was?
8	A Sure, Start there?	A Yeah, yeah, that's correct.
9	Q Yes, please.	Q Okay. Other than those factors that are
10	A Table 4.9 compares the mean WTP values from 04:07	•
11	the studies. For the Stratus CV study, both the	for your statement there that the Exxon Valdez oil
12	mean for the scope and base version are included.	spill study describes the most extensive injury of
13	What should drive the differences in per household	those in the table?
14	willingness to pay values is the relative size of	A And the discussion that I went through, right,
15	the injury described, thus intuition suggests that 04:08	in terms of Table 4. — 04:11
16	the willingness to pay value from the Exxon Valdez.	Q Right.
17	oil spill study, which arguably describes the most	-
18	extensive injury of those in the table, should have	A Table 4.8, thank you, yes. 1 mean, that's certainly the main source of information, not to
19		,
20	the highest WTP value. However, the Exxon Valdez	mention having worked on the Exxon Valdez.
21	study has the lowest WTP value because it included 04:08 the lowest bid structure. The top bid included in	Q Do you know for each of these studies that you 04:11
22	,	report in Table 4.9 what the total value of the
23	the Exxon Valdez study was \$120.	willingness to pay was?
	Q Now, in that paragraph, you state that	A Multiplied by the households' number?
24	intuition suggests that the WT value WTP value	Q Correct.
25	from the Exxon Valdez oil spill study arguably 04:08	A No, I don't know. 04:12
	130	200
1	describes the most expensive injury of those in the	O Olean Assure and a first literature and a
2	table.	Q Okay. Are you aware of any literature saying
-	tanic.	
3	Δ Ves	it is appropriate to use the bid design in one study
3 4	A Yes.	describing one injury to another study describing
4	Q Can you describe for me the basis of your	describing one injury to another study describing another injury?
4 5	Q Can you describe for me the basis of your statement there? 04:09	describing one injury to another study describing another injury? A Well, there's not I don't know that there 04:12
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1 optimal bid design? those open-ended studies have used payment cards. 2 A There's - I would say that there are - there and the payment cards have an array of amounts that 3 are a couple of different aspects of bid design. are put on them. And so one of the issues that There is the pure statistical side of trying to 4 arise, if you're using a payment card with an 5 develop a bid structure, and then there is the -04:14 open-ended design, is is what values do you put on 6 the in-practice of trying to develop bids that you those payment cards. So it's not divorced from it. 7 think are going to -- to capture a distribution, and but it's certainly not the same as -- it's not 1-I would probably fall in the category of the 8 exactly the same as in a dichotomist choice study. 9 people that have done things in practice. I've not Going back to Table 4.9, the Exxon Valdez run any kind of statistical models to try to design 10 04:14 study, that was a national study; correct? bids. I have done worked with collegues who have 11 Yes, it was, 12 done that sometimes as part of work that we've done. Q And the remaining three were regional studies? 13 but not myself personally. Regional in the sense that the Montrose study 14 O Who has written in the economic literature on was California specific, if I remember correctly, in 15 the in-practice side of optimal bid design? 04:15 terms of the -- the sample design for that. The 16 A The in-practice side. Well, no one really California oil spill study. I think was regional 17 writes very much about the in-practice side. It's within California. I don't remember that one as 18 what - what you learn in the course of doing well. And does that cover the -- and obviously the 19 studies, observing other studies that other people Stratus study is focused on portions - most of 20 have done, and working on various CV studies, as 04:15 Oklahoma. 21 well as reviewing a lot of CV studies over a long O Okay. Earlier you testified that the bid 22 period of time. So there's not -- the literature design depends on the type of study that you're 23 really is gained from looking at the studies, not doing; correct? 24 from a specific article or something like that. Yes, it does. Α 25 Q How have you approached the design in your own 04:15 Are there any basic principles behind choosing 04:18 202 204 1 studies? a bid design that you would apply to any study? 2 It depends on the study. A I think the basic principles - I think there 3 Describe for me the approach that you are some basic principles in terms of being able to 4 generally take. try to, in some ways, capture the distribution of 5 A 1-I don't think I can - it really does responses. And, you know, if you're doing a 6 depend on the study, frankly, in terms of what we've conjoint study, there's some very specific issues 7 that arise with conjoint in terms of maintaining 8 Q What is the highest bid you have ever used in independence between the different attributes that 9 a study? you have in your design. There's an -10 A Oh, goodness. I don't recall. 04:16 orthogonality is a concept that's used in those 11 Do you have any idea as to a ballpark figure? designs so that — that's important in those studies 12 No, I really don't. I haven't gone back -because you don't want to have attributes that are 13 back and looked at that because at some time, it's inadvertently correlated with each other because 14 really going to depend upon the particular type of then you can't really distinguish between the type 15 study that you're doing. So just from the 04:16 of correlation, whether the correlation is actually 16 standpoint of whether it's a conjoint study, whether observed or whether it was just induced by the - by 17 it's a CV study, whether it's on open-ended CD study the unintentional correlation in the design. 18 Do you have any opinion as to what bid design or whether it's dichotomist choice CV study, whether 19 it's contingent ranking, all of those things are should have been used in the Stratus study? 20 something that you just look at in terms of the bid 04:16 You know, I haven't really thought about what 04:20 21 structure. alternative bid design that -- that they might have 22 There is no bid design in open-ended CV used, so no, I don't have a specific opinion on 23 studies, is there? that. 24 A No, there's not, that's what I mean. You Okay. We'll shift gears to Chapter 6 now. 0

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Α

All right,

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know, in terms of - but some of those - some of

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	Chapter 6 of your report, you raise the	A Uh-huh.
1	f aggregation of damages, as you call it;	Q and an Oklahoman who knows about the IRW
correct		and Lake Tenkiller, but may not know about the
	pelieve that's correct. Let me -	injury?
	kay. 04:22	A Uh-huh. Okay. Certainly the first category 04:25
	let me get to Chapter 6, if that's okay,	that you mentioned, the Oklahoman who who has no
	I pull out my handy dandy reference guide	awareness or knowledge of the resources would be in
to -		the category of people who I feel would not hold a
	MR. DEIHL: I screwed it up.	nonuse value. In terms of knowledge of the injury,
	eah, you did, Colin. I'm sorry. I was just 04:22	I guess it seems to me like that there's – we've 04:25
	o find the thing that was put together that	got a spectrum here, okay, that they do they have
	the here it is. Okay. I just want to	knowledge of the injury that exists independently of
	at out there.	having been given a CV questionnaire, and if if
	ou're referring to Rausser Exhibit —	to me, the only source of the information that
1	es. 04:22	people have about the injuries comes from that CV 04:
1 ~	No. 3?	questionnaire, I find it — I find it difficult to
	o. 3. Thank you. Yes, it is. Thank you.	believe that that value is very well established.
	6 is aggregation of damages.	Q Would a U.S. citizen who did not know about
_	ow, am I correct that your basic conclusion	Prince William Sound before March of 1989 not have a
	that the damages estimate should not capture 04:22	nonuse value for the Exxon Valdez spill? 04:26
	dahoman who does not know about the IRW and	A Well, that's a – that's a different question
	Tenkiller?	in the sense of whether or not the incident itself
	n sorry, I just need to get to that section	created the nonuse value versus whether or not being
	I try to answer your question, if that's	told about that comes from the CV questionnaire. I
окау.	Okay. I'm going to have to ask you to repeat 04:23 206	think that with the Exxon Valdez, it's really 04:27
your qu	uestion, if you don't mind.	difficult to — to conceptualize what — you know,
Q I	don't mind.	what it is that - what the exact nature of the
A I'r	n sorry.	nonuse value is. And that and so I think that
Q M	ly question was, am I correct that your basic	I think that somewhat makes it difficult to
conclu	sion in Chapter 6 is that the damages estimate 04:23	completely answer your question. 04:28
should	not capture any Oklahoman who does not know	Q The NOAA the NOAA panel, I should say, did
about	the IRW and Lake Tenkiller?	not raise a concern about aggregation of damages as
A I-	- there's a number of points that are made	you call it, did they?
	chapter, but I — I do talk a lot about the	A It's not one of the guidelines that they put
	f knowledge and what whether or not people 04:24	in there, and to me, this has been one of the issues 04:28
	have some knowledge and awareness of a	that is not talked about enough in - you know, in
B .	te in order to experience a loss, and the	the economics literature is to what – what really
_	n that's expressed in here is that they do.	goes into goes into deciding who counts from a
	ink that's an inference that one can draw	economics perspective. There's obviously the legal
1	from this chapter. 04:24	issue of who counts, but from an economics 04:28
	m trying to better understand your	perspective, whose values are you going to try to
	ents in this chapter.	measure. I think it's neglected in the literature,
	ure,	given its importance.
	o throughout the chapter, you talk about	Q Now, in the references set forth in Chapter
_	edge of the resource, and other places 04:24 edge of an injury, and so I'm trying to	6.1 — 04:29
knowl	eane as on initiry and CA I'm traina to	A Uh-huh.
knowle knowle		0
knowle knowle under	stand whether you are distinguishing, for	Q — of your report.
knowle knowle unders purpo	stand whether you are distinguishing, for ses of your conclusion here, between an	A Uh-huh.
knowle knowle unders purpo	stand whether you are distinguishing, for ses of your conclusion here, between an oman who may not know about the IRW and Lake	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

		"
1	in Natural Resources —	Q When you speak at NRD conferences, you hold
2	A Yes.	yourself out as being an advocate for defendants,
3	Q — do you see that?	don't you?
4	A I do see that.	MR. HIXON: Object to form.
5	Q Okay. Have you read from the same journal or 04:29	A The – usually for purposes of the conference, 04:46
6	from the same issue of the journal in which the	they will have someone who generally works for
7	Dunford article appears, an article by Professor	defendants and someone who generally works for
8	Alan Randall of Ohio State University?	plaintiffs, so to have contrasting discussions of
9	A No, I have not read that paper.	economic issues, and I have appeared as the one for
10	Q Okay. Do you know who Alan Randall is? 04:29	defendants. So I don't necessarily hold myself out 04:47
11	A Yes, I do.	to that, but a lot of times, the conference
12	O And who is he?	organizers do.
13	A He's a professor at Ohio State University, or	Q Let me hand you Exhibit No. 9, which is a copy
14	at least he was that last time I looked. He's a	of a brochure entitled Natural Resource Damages
15	natural resource economist. 04:30	Claims, refers to a conference July 9 and 10, 2009 04:48
16	Q And you're a member of the Association of	in Santa Fe?
17	Environmental and Resource Economists; is that	A Yes, it does.
18	•	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	right?	Q Do you recognize this brochure?
19	A Yes, lam.	A I haven't looked at this year's brochure yet.
20	Q Are you aware that Professor Randall is one of 04:30	I have one at the office. But it's somewhat similar 04:48
21	the 2008 fellows of the association?	to last year's, and I have looked at last year's.
22	A I don't recall whether he is or not. It	Q On the second page, you are identified as
23	wouldn't surprise me if he were,	speaking on or will be speaking on economic
24	Q Why wouldn't it surprise you?	valuation of natural resource damages, and the
25	A I'm sorry? 04:30	description there is, defendants' perspective; do 04:48
	210	212
-	0 39 337 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	
1	Q Would it not surprise you to learn that	you see that?
2	Professor Randall is a 2008 fellow?	A Yes, I do see that.
3	A He's been doing a lot of work in the area and	Q And do you intend to give that presentation in
4	publishing a lot of papers for a long time, and the	July?
5	fellows program has been designed or implemented to 04:30	A Yes, I do. 04:48
6	recognize those people.	Q Have you ever presented the trustees'
7	MS, MOLL: Why don't we take a tape change	perspective at an NRD seminar?
8	break.	A I was trying to remember whether – there was
9	A Sure.	one where we talked about doing something like that,
10	MS. MOLL: Or a break for a tape change 04:31	where basically people would reverse roles, but I 04:49
11	or –	don't think it ever really happened. So no, I don't
12	A Yes, or whatever. I think everybody knew	think so.
13	where you were going with that.	Q Let me hand you what's been marked as Exhibit
14	VIDEOGRAPHER: We are off the record. The	10.
15	time is 4:26 p.m. 04:31	A Oh, okay. 04:49
16		1 - I
	(Following a short recess at 4:31 P.M.,	Q Which is a similar — copy of a similar
17	(Following a short recess at 4:31 P.M., proceedings continued on the record at 4:46 p.m.)	Q Which is a similar — copy of a similar brochure relating to a conference that took place in
18	(Following a short recess at 4:31 P.M., proceedings continued on the record at 4:46 p.m.) VIDEOGRAPHER: We are back on the record.	Q Which is a similar — copy of a similar brochure relating to a conference that took place in July of 2007.
18 19	(Following a short recess at 4:31 P.M., proceedings continued on the record at 4:46 p.m.) VIDEOGRAPHER: We are back on the record. The time is 4:41 p.m.	Q Which is a similar — copy of a similar brochure relating to a conference that took place in July of 2007. A Better hotel.
18 19 20	(Following a short recess at 4:31 P.M., proceedings continued on the record at 4:46 p.m.) VIDEOGRAPHER: We are back on the record. The time is 4:41 p.m. Q (By Ms. Moll) Dr. Desvousges, you speak at 04:46	Q Which is a similar — copy of a similar brochure relating to a conference that took place in July of 2007. A Better hotel. Q Well, on the second page of this brochure, 04:49
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1	Q And did you give that presentation?	over the over the what is it, maybe 10 to 11
2	A I did give that presentation.	month period. Somewhere in that ballpark, probably.
3	Q Do you know how many times roughly you've	Q Do you know how many hours you have spent on
4	given the defendants' perspective at an NRD	this case since January 5 of 2009?
5	conference? 04:50	A I can give you a rough estimate anyway, if 04:54
6	A The no, I really don't. I mean, this	that's good enough. 350, roughly, between 350 and
7	particular conference likes to use that terminology,	maybe 400, somewhere in that ballpark.
8	and this is this year will be my third time at	Q How is the time of the three individuals who
9	this conference, so certainly in terms of going to	we talked about earlier, Ms. Mathews and the other
10	this conference, and they like to kind of use that 04:50	two we talked about, how is their time handled in 04:55
11	shorthand. What I try to do when I give these talks	terms of billing?
12	is to go through and lay out what I think the	A It's we provide invoices that have hours
13	economic issues are in a damage assessment and the	for each person individually. We show Ms. Mathews'
14	ones that are going to affect a defendant, and	hours on our time sheet, even though she's a
15	issues that, you know, that they should be concerned 04:50	consultant, so we show her hours, too, but — and 04:55
16	about, and I've given a lot of different — I've	then we have – I don't know if we break it out by
17	covered a lot of topics over the course of the three	each person or whether we I haven't looked at the
18	years in terms of what I've done under that rubric,	invoices in a while. Sometimes we just show in
19	Q Let me hand you what's been marked as Exhibit	aggregate hours and sometimes we show hours per
20	No. 11. Do you recognize this document? 04:51	
21	A I'm taking a look at it. Yes, I do, I was	person and then an average and then the rates. I 04:55 don't remember.
22	=	1
	just — okay. Yes, I do. This was the presentation	Q But all of their time goes through the
23	from the — that I gave, or at least a rough copy of it from the 2007 conference at Santa Fe.	billing
24		A Oh, yes.
25	Q When were you first retained by the defendants 04:52	Q — for your firm? 04:56
	214	216
-		
		A Man array badala tima man thanks bear
1	to work on this matter?	A Yes, everybody's time goes through my –
2	A Sometime last summer, in the summer of 2008.	Kristi Mathews does not have a separate contract.
2 3	A Sometime last summer, in the summer of 2008. I don't remember specifically, somewhere June, July,	Kristi Mathews does not have a separate contract. She's a subcontractor to me for this work, so her
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96:24 97:1 98:12,23 106:4
136:11 155:21 182:1,2
189:6 205:3
acceptance 113:5,10
accepted 80:11 95:3
access 5:19 149:4
accompanied 144:18
accompany 146:10,13
accuracy 172:9
accurate 102:10 103:2,3,5
achieve 51:5
acknowledged 31:13
act 53:14
action 13:7 14:24 128:21
129:7 219:20
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